



Letter from the Community

Our team is excited to unveil this report heavily informed by local leadership, the Greener Gulfton Ambassadors, and the Greener Gulfton Steering Committee. Throughout the planning process, our team reflected on and prioritized inclusion, connectivity, hopefulness, and vitality. Throughout this report you will see how our collective vision came to fruition with invaluable input from community members and leaders.

Drafting this plan meant coming together with a common vision, common guiding principles, and a common understanding. Working together with passionate supporters and consultants we have crafted a nature-based solutions plan for the Gulfton community that simultaneously addresses Environmental Health, Human Health and Wellbeing, and Biodiversity Health.

Overall, while the vision and guiding principles are shared in the report, our Green Ambassadors understand how bringing life, color, smells, creativity, unity, and togetherness for all in Gulfton, including people, wildlife and plants can truly make an impact to the overall health and quality of life for our community.

We hope that this report shines light on the unique neighborhood qualities in Gulfton, how nature can enhance this community, and the strong leadership that exists in this neighborhood to ensure the success of the recommendations outlined in this report.

After all, in the words of our community leaders, "A success for this plan would be when the neighborhood has the tools, resources and know-how to drive the change."

With gratitude,

Green Ambassador Team for Greener Gulfton

Acknowledgements

The Greener Gulfton report represents the efforts dedicated by community members and leaders in Gulfton, and a consultant team aimed at reflecting and amplifying what we learned through the engagement process. We cannot express enough thanks to the Green Ambassadors, steering committee members, and to the neighborhood as whole for sharing and teaching us about your home. We were humbled by your openness and are grateful to have had this opportunity to meet each of you.

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Introduction

What does nature do for the Gulfton Neighborhood?

How did the team work together and make decisions?

Community Summary

Introduction

The preface section of the report introduces the importance that nature has on human health and wellbeing, environmental health, and the health of other living organisms within our communities. This section also includes the high level overview and synthesis of the project results within the Community Summary. The Community Summary also is translated into Spanish to support access to the report more broadly for the Gulfton community.

What does Nature Do for the Gulfton Community?

Nature is Essential for a Healthier Gulfton

Nature is a key element in making our neighborhoods healthier and safer. In order to truly flourish, all communities need easy access to fresh fruits and vegetables, safe and well-maintained parks and greenspaces, lush tree canopies, green schoolyards, adequate sidewalks, and safe bike lanes to access these places. Nature should never be seen as a luxury but rather as critical community health infrastructure that uplifts the mental, physical, cultural, and spiritual health and well-being of its human and non-human residents.

Nature, Human Health and Wellbeing

Abundant nature has been shown to have many positive impacts on human health and wellbeing. For instance, urban trees have been shown to reduce depressive symptoms. In one study, adults with major depressive disorder reported improvements in both mood and cognitive performance after taking weekly walks on streets with trees. Similarly, many people report feeling restored and delighted by the sound of birdsongs outside their window. Ready access to nature has also been shown to significantly reduce feelings of loneliness, which contributes to mental health challenges and can contribute to chronic conditions like heart disease. Nature can also help encourage social interactions and can connect Gulfton's residents to their cultural touchstones and ancestors – including through the planting

of gardens which produce healthy foods. Lastly, students who attend schools that are rich in nature have been shown to have higher levels of academic achievement and better focus.

Human health and wellbeing is also dependent on environmental health - the health of the soil, air, water, and climate of a place and nature plays a key role here too. Urban trees have been shown to reduce air pollution which can contribute to asthma and other respiratory ailments. Trees, shrubs, grasses, and other vegetation can also help cool hot urban environments. The 2020 Houston-Harris County Heat Watch Campaign identified Gulfton as Houston's physical hottest neighborhood – a full 17 degrees hotter than the coolest neighborhood in Harris County. It is clear that Gulfton needs a better tree canopy to become cooler as the impacts of climate change continues to worsen. Lastly, strategically emplaced nature-based solutions, like rain gardens and bioswales, can help soak up and clean stormwater.

Nature and Biodiversity

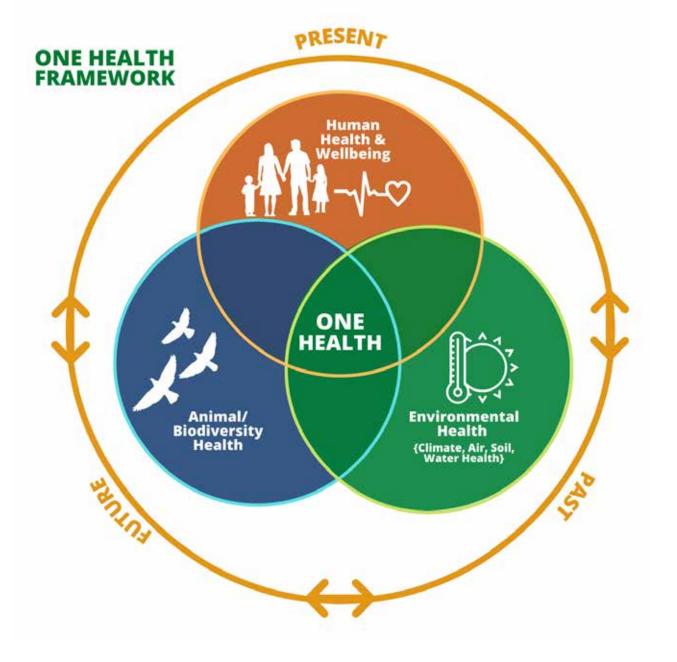
Gulfton is one of our nation's most ethnically diverse neighborhoods – a real strength for this community. It is also home to a diversity of indigenous and exotic plants and wildlife, as well

and number of living things on Earth and includes all species, from the fungi living on the roots of a maple tree, to the owl that lives in its branches, to the tree itself. It includes diversity within species, between species, and among ecosystems.

as domesticated animals. This diversity of non-human life is called biodiversity. Human health and wellbeing is highly dependent on having nature-rich parks, greenspaces, schoolyards, patios, and civic spaces. Selecting resilient, indigenous species and culturally significant plants can greatly improve Gulfton's biodiversity, while providing its people more opportunities to experience the awe of nature such as seeing a migrating monarch butterfly or a colorful songbirds.

One Health

In truth, human health and wellbeing, environmental health, and biodiversity health, are interdependent and tightly woven and is known as **One Health**. As we take actions to create a Greener Gulfton, strategies which use nature and nature-based solutions which uplift human, biodiversity, and environmental health simultaneously will maximize their positive impacts.



Community Action Summary

Introduction

A Greener Gulfton for Nature, Health, and Resilience was an interdisciplinary planning effort that relied on community leaders, passionate residents, and non-profits in collaboration with a consulting team that included planning, design, environmental, health, art, and multilingual engagement expertise. The work was undergone in three main phases that include **Understand**, **Envision**, and **Act**, below are more details on each of these phases.



The **Understand Phase** of the report starts with a brief history of the region and existing conditions within Gulfton, including zone comparisons across four main areas within the super neighborhood. We also outline the main planning documents within the neighborhood and in the region, and provide nature and art projects that inspire us. The team hosted a kick-off event with the community in collaboration with Madres del Parque and asked participants what nature means to them.



The Envision Phase outlines a vision for Gulfton, informed by community engagement, the Guiding Principles that support our work, and the specific recommendations we are making for the neighborhood. The overall effort is to support and green the Gulfton Super neighborhood in a way that considers both people and non-human residents alike. The team hosted a walking tour with the Green Ambassadors and their family members to document what is working well in Gulfton and what aspects of the urban environment could use improvements.



The **Act Phase** of the report gets into the more granule details of a proposed pilot project. With feedback from the community and inspirational ideas from UP Art Studio, a Placita pilot project idea was developed and cultivated. This phase includes the details that have gone along with that process and provides visual resources for fund-raising and the next steps. The team hosted an in-person event at Burnett Bayland Park to gather feedback on the neighborhood recommendations and narrowed down pilot project ideas.



VALUING INDIGENOUS PRESENCE AND KNOWLEDGE

As step toward honoring the truth and achieving healing and reconciliation, we commit to acknowledging that the native Karankawa, Akokisa, and other Indigenous Peoples were heavily impacted by the legacy of forced removal from these unceded lands.

We also acknowledge that Gulfton is currently home to Indigenous Peoples from Texas, Mexico, Central America, and other parts of the world and their presence should be recognized and honored.

Gulfton residents, Greener Gulfton Ambassadors, and others preparing this plan, have strongly advised that Traditional Ecological Knowledge (TEK) be valued for its inherent worth and integrated with western science and community knowledge to help co-create a greener, healthier, and better connected Gulfton. It is important to note that residents specifically called out a desire for Gulfton's greening efforts to be a means of recognizing their ancestors, both their genetic ancestors and the original Indigenous Peoples of this land.



Historic Indigenous Communities of Gulfton and Houston, Source: NATIVE-LAND.CA

Community Action Summary

Continued

Our Process

In the Greener Gulfton planning process, it was critical to include voices from local leadership and community members as thoroughly as possible. Gulfton has had momentum toward addressing community needs from the grass roots level to the institutional and local government level. Considering this, it was important to tap into leadership that continues to be involved in the future of Gulfton. This meant assembling a Greener Gulfton Steering Committee as well as Green Ambassadors to inform our work and recommendations as robustly as possible.

The **Steering Committee** provided an opportunity to guide research during the Understand Phase, draft a vision statement during the Envision Phase, and provide feedback on the Pilot Project for the Act Phase.

"Our group, Madres del Parque is a group of mothers dedicated to the health and wellbeing of our community. We know spending time in nature is good for not only us as parents, but for our children as well."

- Maria Hernandez, Steering Committee Member and Green Ambassador "Spending time in nature is an opportunity to relax and free my mind."

-Lenora Fields, Green Ambassador

As part of our efforts, it was important to include local voices and leadership through an ambassador program. Tecolotl, our sub consultant team, recruited and lead a group of five **Green Gulfton Ambassadors** which provided a method of enriching input and feedback from the Gulfton Community. Through monthly meeting we discussed a vision statement, strategy card recommendations, and finally pilot project opportunities.

STEERING COMMITTEE

Maria Hernandez

Madres del Parque

Anne Whitlock

Connect Community

Kristi Rangel

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Maria Hernandez

Noelia Fadic

COMMUNITY CONSERVATION PARTNER



CONSULTANT TEAM











Captured during a virtual combined steering committee and Green Ambassadors meeting.

Community Action Summary Continued

Understand Phase

Houston's Gulfton neighborhood is a vibrant, diverse community, with strong leadership, shared aspirations, and origins from across the planet. Gulfton's wild community is also vibrant and includes both Indigenous wildlife and plant life living alongside exotic plants prized for their cultural significance and beauty. Together, the human and non-human residents of Gulfton form a vibrant living community who need and deserve more nature for their health and wellbeing. Here are the main things we found out during our Understand Phase of the project:

"I am a garden volunteer. My children support me so that they feel happy discovering / Soy voluntaria de jardinería. Mis hijos me apoyan para que se sientan felices descubriendo"



PEOPLE:

- Gulfton is an Immigrant Hub: 58% of residents are born outside the U.S. with 75% of that born in Latin America.
- **Gulfton Residents Speak Many** Different Languages: 14.9% of residents speak only English, 70% speak Spanish.
- **Gulfton Residents Primarily Rent** and Live in Multi-Family Residential Units: Only 4.3% of residents own a home. The main housing type in Gulfton is multi-family residential with approximately 18,846 occupied housing units.
- **Gulfton is Lacking Public Park Space:** The 2015 Houston Parks Master Plan recommends 8 acres of park space per 1,000 people, 86 additional acres would need to be added to the Gulfton neighborhood to meet these recommendations.
- Gulfton is Culturally Rich and Reflected Through Urban Art: The Gulfton Story Trail Mural Project brings the spirit of the people living in the neighborhood to the fore, and is a creative way to provide a more welcoming space.
- **Gulfton Residents Are Relatively** Young and Include Children: 34% of residents are younger than 20 years old, and 37% are less than 40 years old.

ECOLOGY:

- Gulfton is in the Humid Gulf Coastal **Prairie Ecoregion:** Approximately 1% of the Gulf Coastal Prairie Ecoregion remains in Texas; much of this ecosystem has been converted to other landscape and land use types.
- Gulfton and the Houston Region is a Migration Route: Over the course of a season, millions of birds species pass through Texas. This winged migration also includes bats and insects of important significance.
- Gulfton is in the Brays Bayou Watershed and the Southeastern Portion of the Neighborhood is in the Floodplain: Brays Bayou is an urbanized watershed that covers 127 square miles and severe flooding occurs at least once every 10 years. Brays Bayou and the corresponding bayou trail is approximately 1.5 miles from the southern edge of the neighborhood.
- **Gulfton Does Not Directly Connect** to Bayou Trails: Brays Bayou and the corresponding bayou trail is approximately 1.5 miles from the southern edge of the neighborhood.
- **Gulfton's Vegetative Cover and Tree Canopy is Not Evenly Distributed** Throughout the Neighborhood: The densest vegetative cover is located in the Shenandoah community and associated with Burnett Bayland Park in Gulfton.

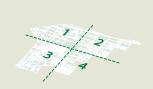
ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE:

- Gulfton is Highly Urbanized and **Developed:** The majority of the neighborhood is highly developed, urbanized, and experiences high urban heat values. Gulfton is a climate vulnerable community.
- Gulfton Residents Do Not All Have Vehicles: Approximately 12.7% of households do not have access to vehicles, and families rely on other means of transportation.
- **Gulfton Lacks Connected Sidewalks:** The sidewalk conditions in the community are of poor quality, with 41% of existing sidewalks having some kind of obstruction.
- **Gulfton Needs to Improve Street** Right of Way (ROW) Safety: In most cases, streets are designed to carry large amounts of vehicles with a large amount of wide traffic lanes. This places a major challenge for pedestrians crossing wide segments of road or with limited sidewalk space.

CLIMATE CHANGE: Gulfton was the hottest Harris County neighbored identified in the 2020 Houston Heat Watch Campaign - a full 17 degrees hotter than the coolest community in the county.

Gulfton Super Neighborhood

Zone 1



People **DEMOGRAPHICS** ACS Data 2015-2019

LAND USE

Urban Footprint, 2021 H-GAC, Landcover







H-GAC, Pedestrian Houston Bike Plan/H-GAC, existing bike paths

> proposed bike paths bus routes

SUMMER HEAT SNAPSHOT

Houston H3AT Team, Measured August 7, 2020 7:00-8:00pm

Climate

Environment

Ecology

SURFACE AREA IN FLOODPLAIN

FEMA, Harris County

TREE CANOPY **COVERAGE***

* Vegetation over 9 feet

iNaturalist Download, November 23, 2021 & HARC Research for Gulfton



Utility Easement

Klein Early Start

Zone 2

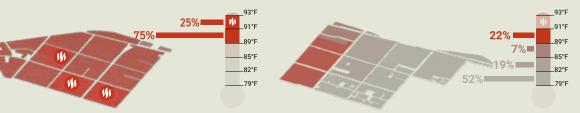


7% within 100-yr

within 500-yr











Community Action Summary

Continued



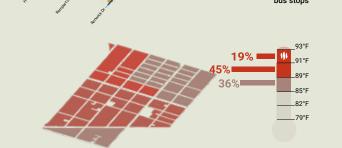


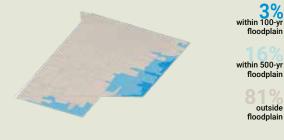
Zone 4





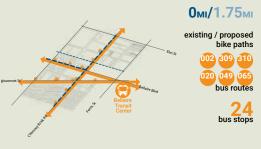


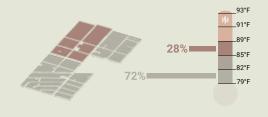


















Community Action SummaryContinued

Envision Phase

As part of envisioning a Greener Gulfton, our team met with community members, steering committee members, and Gulfton Green Ambassadors to not only share the existing conditions data about the neighborhood that is available, but also to hear from them on the benefits that nature provides to their everyday lives, opportunities they imagine in their neighborhood, and ultimately the vision and guiding principles that should be reflected in a plan that hopes to make this neighborhood responsive to the needs of all residents, amidst the reality of the varied conditions. A vision statement and a series of guiding principles were developed and listed on this page.

VISION:

Greener Gulfton is a DIVERSE and VIBRANT community that is HEALTHY, CLIMATE PREPARED, and CONNECTED to NATURE

Gulfton más verde es una comunidad DIVERSA y VIBRANTE que está SANA, CLIMÁTICAMENTE PREPARADA, y CONECTADA a la NATURALEZA

GUILDING PRINCIPLES:

HEALTH & WELLNESS. Gulfton is a place where communities are supported in their goals toward improved health and wellness and where people and wildlife are supported to live long, happy, healthy lives

HONORING ANCESTORS. Gulfton is a place where our full selves, roots, and histories are part of solutions for healthier futures, and improved human health, ecological health, and environmental health.

SAFETY. Gulfton is a place where smart urban design can create safer, healthier, and more welcoming place for all residents and visitors.

PERSEVERANCE. Gulfton is a place where all residents regardless of income, race, gender, or abilities are fully supported to lead and implement solutions that benefit them, their families, their neighbors, and their community and in the vision that they hold for their communities that supports improved human, ecological, and environmental health.

EQUITY. Gulfton is a place where increasing nature and access involves addressing historical injustices and improving the physical and social conditions of all residents with a vision of justice and equity for all.



Neighborhood-Wide Actions -Over the Next 5 years

The recommendations for the Gulfton super neighborhood are divided into two sections. The first section focuses on the neighborhood-wide recommendations supported by the Green Ambassadors, Steering Committee, and residents we met at community events. The second section outlines, in broad terms, different strategy actions that can be taken in the neighborhood. These categories include Mobility Actions, Stormwater Management Actions, Architectural/Structural Actions, Nature-Based Community Capacity Actions, and Community Capacity Actions.

NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION: Fund and implement a Burnett Bayland Park Master Plan for improved recreational and nature experiences

- MOBILITY ACTION: Initiate a cool corridors program to combat climate change and urban heat island impacts
- MOBILITY ACTION: Support and implement sidewalk improvements and safe crossings to address pedestrian safety and access issues
- ACTION: Activate a neighborhood urban forestry strategy to mitigate heat, improve air quality, and support wildlife

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ACTION:

- Facilitate a green stormwater feasibility study and action plan, in southeast Gulfton, to reduce street-level flooding and add greenspace
- NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY
 ACTION: Increase gardens, parks, and natural
 habitats at schools for improved health and
 academic achievement
- 7 COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION: Create nature-rich civic spaces including the 'Placita' Pilot Project for cultural, physical, mental, and biodiversity health

Community Action Summary

Continued

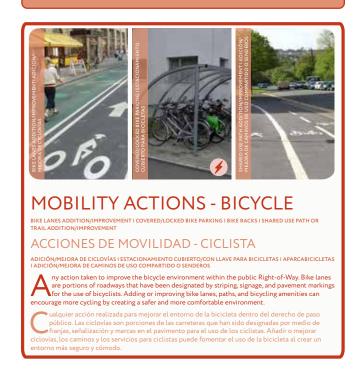
Envision Phase

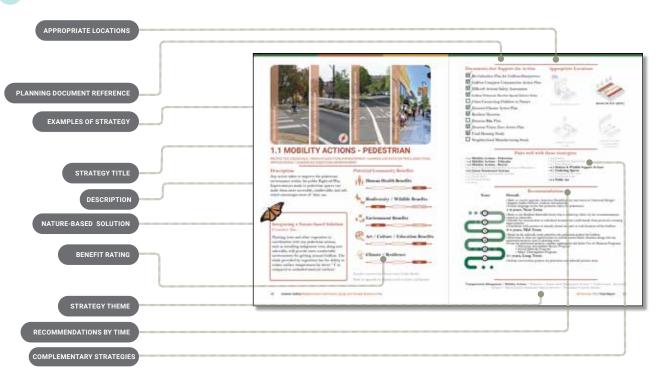
Strategy Actions for a Greener Gulfton

The strategy actions for a Greener Gulfton outlined different design improvements that can be taken in the Gulfton neighborhood. These strategy cards were used during meetings and inperson events to communicate with the steering committee, Green Ambassadors, neighborhood residents, and other planning participants about what they want to prioritize in Gulfton. The cards are provided in English, Spanish, and Arabic and a full copy of these can be found in the Appendix of this report. These categories for the strategies include:

- MOBILITY ACTIONS,
- STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ACTIONS,
- ARCHITECTURAL/STRUCTURAL ACTIONS,
- NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTIONS and,
- COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTIONS.

1.0 MOBILITY ACTION





2.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ACTION



NON VEGETATED STORMWATER ACTIONS & RAINWATER HARVESTING

CISTERN I RAIN TANK I POROUS PAVEMENT I STORMWATER DRAIN MARKERS I POROUS PAVEMENT

ACCIONES PLUVIALES NO VEGETADAS Y RECOLECCIÓN DE AGUAS DE LLUVIA

CISTERNA I TANQUE DE LLUVIA I ALMACENAMIENTO SUBTERRANEO I MARCADORES DE DESAGUE DE AGUAS PLUVIALES I PAVIMENTO POROSO

hese actions include stormwater management improvements that do not include vegetation. Rainwater harvesting are passive methods of gathering rainwater either with a container (like a cistern or tank) for future use or using pavement that allows water to infiltrate into the soil below. Stormwater drain markers are warning signs placed at storm drains to deter deliberate dumping of pollutants.

A cciones de aguas pluviales o de lluvia que no incluyen la vegetación. La recolección de aguas de lluvia son método pasivos para recolectar el agua de lluvia, ya sea con un recipiente (como una cisterna o un tanque) para su uso futur o un citizando un pavimento que permita que el agua se infiltre en el suelo de abajo. Los marcadores de desagüe de aguas pluviales son señales de advertencia colocadas en los desagües pluviales para disuadir del vertido deliberado de contaminante.

4.0 NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION



3.0 STRUCTURAL ACTION



VERTICAL GREEN

PASSIVE COOLING FENCE

JARDINES VERTICALES

COLUMNAS VERDES (AUTOPISTAS) I FACHADAS VERDES (EDIFICIOS) I ENREJADO VERDE I MUROS VERDESI "CERCA VERDES" I CERCA DE REFRIGERACIÓN PASIVA

Pertical green systems incorporate plants on vertical surfaces such as freeway column: walls, and fences. These systems can include both vegetation and soils, such as green walls, or structures that hold vegetation such as green facades or green trellises.

os sistemas verdes verticales incorporan plantas en superficies verticales como columnas de autopistas, muros y cercas. Estos sistemas pueden incluir tanto la vegetación como los suco, como los muros verdes, o las estructuras que sostienen la vegetación, como las fachadas verdes o los enrejados verdes.

5.0 COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION



PUBLIC ART

SCULPTURE I MURAL I SPACES

ARTE PÚBLICO

SCULTURA I MURAL I ESPACIO:

Dublic art is works made through the use of imagination and creative skills by artists in an form that is visually and physically accessible to the general public.

la tre público son obras realizadas mediante el uso de la imaginación y las habilidades
 creativas de los artistas en cualquier forma que sea visual y fisicamente accesible para
 el público en general.

Community Action SummaryContinued

Act Phase

'La Placita' Pilot Project

Gulfton's need to increase biodiversity and open space opportunities for its residents will require developing strategies at multiple scales. As stated in previous sections, these range from large street reconstruction projects to smaller interventions.

Since many of these strategies will take a number of years to implement, it is important to develop smaller, more tactical interventions in the short term. These interventions can provide opportunities for residents to enjoy the outdoor space while increasing social and nature access opportunities. As part of the public engagement process multiple strategies were presented from which providing social interaction opportunities was selected as one of the top priorities for a pilot project.

The pilot project developed brings the idea of a "Placita" (small plaza) that can be used by residents to socialize, enjoy nature and in some cases, promote economic development by supporting businesses such as food trucks or street vendors. The pilot project's conceptual design intends to create a semi- temporary installation that can be located at any location with a large pavement area such as a parking lot and can be moved to different locations as needed.

'La Placita' Pilot Project Details

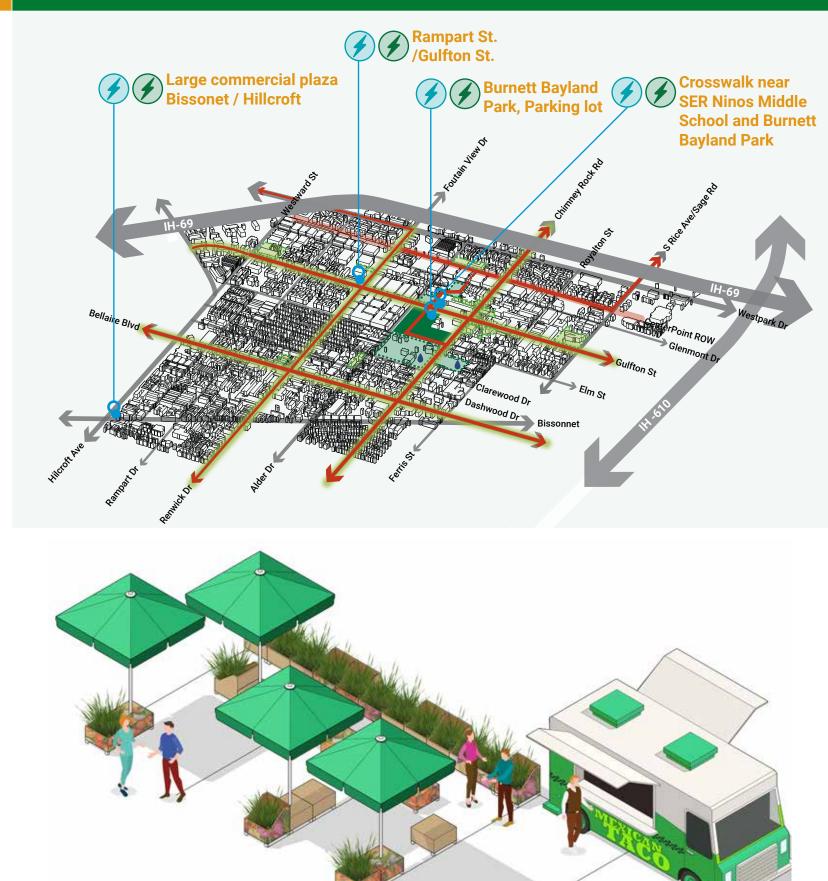
The pilot project consists of a simple modular system of planters and seating elements that can be arranged as needed to promote social gathering, planting, or even art interventions. The modular system selected is derived from the dimensions of a parking space so that it can be arranged within the limits of any surface parking area in Gulfton. The modules can be made out of wood and be movable with casters. Although location can be in any surface parking or large pavement area it is recommended to be located where there is already an established use such as a food truck or a street vendor, or even a school parking lot.

In addition to planting and seating, art is considered an important element to express the diversity of cultures in Gulfton, serve as an educational opportunity, or bring nature to the community in a more artistic way.

Other iterations of the module were done with local artists to bring dynamism to the space and additional artistic opportunities, see following pages.

Implementation Steps

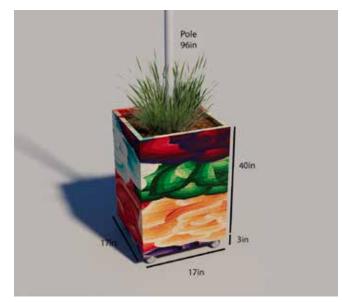
- Build modules in collaboration with UP Art Studio and local artists
- Select location in Gulfton and storage partner (school as a potential)
- Identify planting with assistance of TNC, the community or Ambassadors
- Plant modules at an event with the community



'La Placita' Pilot Project Process

These preliminary pilot project renderings (shown on the previous two pages) were shared with UP Art Studio and developed further.

These renderings are shown here. The art in the current renderings is a placeholder for the final artwork, which will be finalized with community stakeholder input. As part of the implementation process, UP Art Studio will present two or more artwork concepts to be considered. Each of these concepts will be tailored around different themes that arose from the Greener Gulfton plan such as plants native to Houston and Gulfton, the diverse cultures of the residents of Gulfton, honoring the indigenous ancestors before us, climate impact, urban heat, etc.



Source: UP Art Studio's process rendering

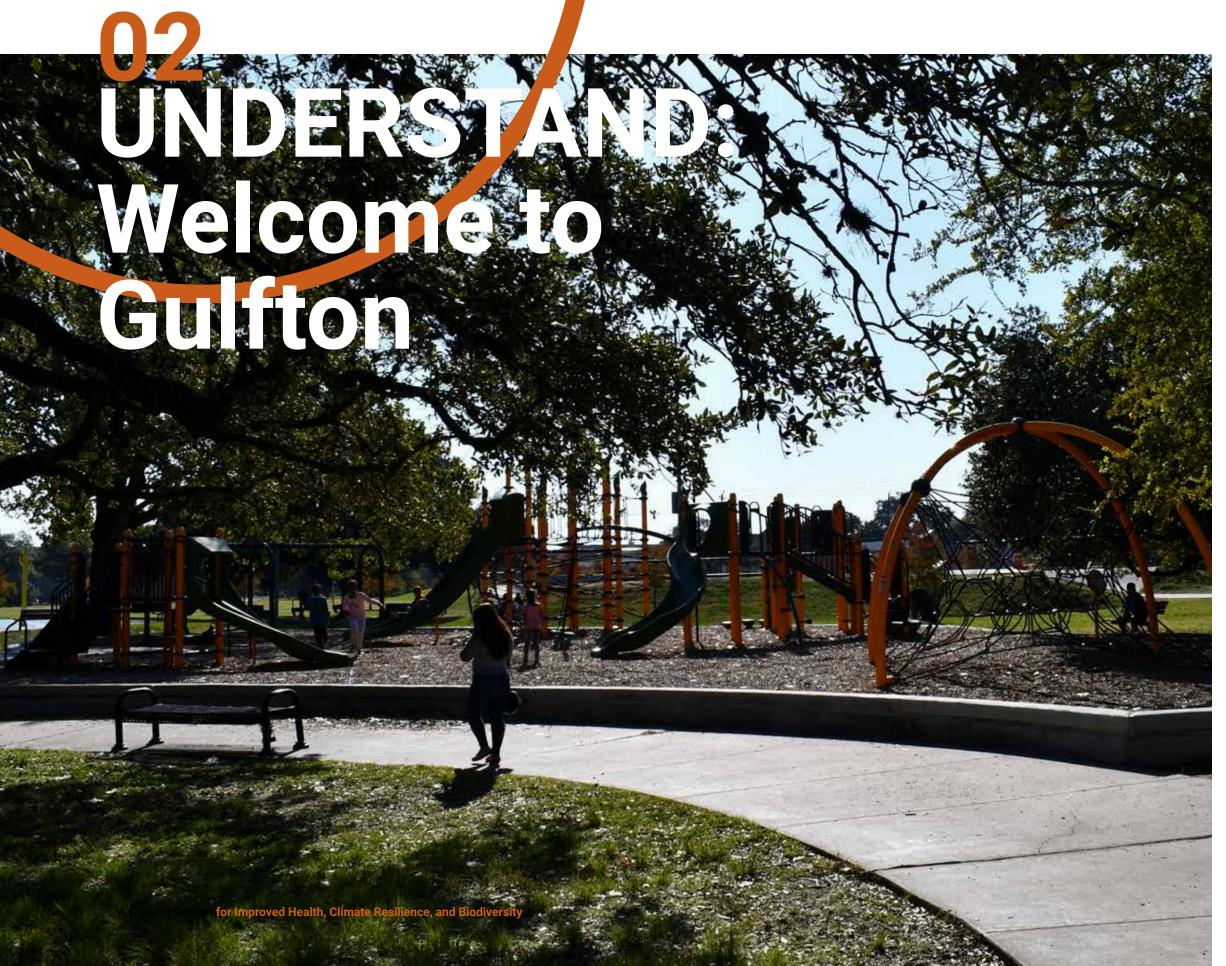


Source: UP Art Studio's process rendering





Source: UP Art Studio's process renderings



Gulfton: Past. Present. Future
Gulfton Residents
Who and What is Here?
What is Here by Zone?
What is Going On?
What Work Inspires Us?

Understanding Gulfton

The understand section of the report starts with a brief history of the region and existing conditions within Gulfton, including zone comparisons across four key areas within the Super Neighborhood. We also outline the main planning documents within the neighborhood and in the region, and provide case studies that reflect a combination of art and nature which inspire us.

Gulfton: Past. Present. Future.

Gulfton's Ancient Roots

Gulfton is often seen as a relatively new community. It's first subdivision, Shenandoah, was not established until the 1950s and many of its largest apartment complexes, which predominate the landscape, weren't built until the 1960's and 1970s. Yet, Gulfton has been home to a variety of living communities (both human and wild) for thousands of years. These deep historical roots can serve as an inspiration and guide for how nature, and its many deep cultural, resilience, health, and artistic dimensions, can uplift the current and future living communities of Gulfton.

A traveler visiting the Gulfton area of 12,000 years ago would have seen a dramatic landscape populated by Columbian mammoths, giant ground sloths, saber-toothed cats, and even American lions. These creatures would have inhabited our region's native grasslands, forests, bayou systems, and wetlands. Living alongside these giants were some of Gulfton's most familiar wildlife species such as northern raccoons, gray squirrels, leopard frogs, opossums, blue jays, and its pollinators – they were the survivors of the Ice Age.

As importantly, humans were an essential part of this living community. Local archeological digs have revealed that Indigenous peoples first entered our area at least 13,5000 thousand years ago. These peoples had a big impact on the land through hunting and through their extensive use of fire. They were Gulfton's first environmental stewards. Over time the ancestors of these ancient peoples, and others arriving

at the area, would continue to use what is now Gulfton as hunting grounds and as a transit zone in between local bayous such as Buffalo Bayou and Brays Bayou. One of those tribes was called the Karankawa, a local tribe of hunter-gatherers, who migrated between the coast and the prairies that once blanketed most of the Houston region, including Gulfton.

By the early 1800s, the Karankawa, Akokisa, and other local tribes had been decimated by diseases or pushed out of their ancestral lands by settlers, yet, there are reminders of their presence. Many of the indigenous plants still found in Gulfton today were used for food or medicine by the Karankawa and other groups – a living link to Gulfton's first residents. There are also over 50,000 self-identifying Indigenous People in Houston today, including some Gulfton residents. It is important to note that community members repeatedly expressed strong support, during the Greener Gulfton planning process, for remembering and uplifting ancestral influences, their own and the neighborhoods Indigenous presence.

Gulfton's Agricultural Age

American and European settlers began to colonize what is now the Greater Houston Region in the 1820s, drawn by the region's rich river soils (agriculture), prairies (cattle raising), and access to the Gulf of Mexico for trading agricultural goods for other goods. At the time, Gulfton was still a wild coastal prairie dominated by indigenous grasses, like little bluestem grass and sunflowers. The area was a part of the Mexican state of Coahuila y Tejas and was part of the Austin Colony. These prairies were home to red wolves, meadowlarks and countless insects. They were also home to feral longhorn cattle and wild horses. Embedded in these prairies were small, seasonally wet "prairie potholes" - wetlands. Together, these features attracted

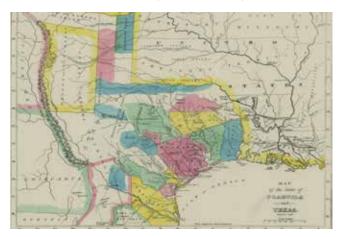
cattle ranchers and hunters. In the late 1800s Rice University founder William Marsh Rice established the 9,449-acre W.M. Rice Ranch and cattle production, and oil exploration were prevalent in Gulfton. In 1908, William Wright Baldwin purchased this ranch from the Rice estate and established Westmoreland Farms in what is now Gulfton and adjoining City of Bellaire. Westmoreland Farms was conceived of as a residential community surrounded by "truck farms" - small farms whose goods were trucked into adjoining towns and the city of Houston. These farms included both row crops and a prominent dairy. There was also an equestrian center located near what is now Burnett-Bayland Park. By 1944 the neighborhood was a mixture of truck farms, wild nature, and individual homes. It is important to note that residents expressed strong support for reinvigorating Gulfton with gardens and orchards – a way of connecting to their rich cultural heritages and supporting healthy lifestyles while reconnecting to Gulfton agricultural roots.

Gulfton's Modern History and Future

In the 1950s the Shenandoah subdivision become modern Gulfton's first major residential development, a community of small ranch-style homes and large trees located in the heart of the neighborhood. In the 1960s and 1970s, Houston's booming economy attracted large numbers of white, single, young energy workers. In response developers constructed, and marketed, thousands of new apartment units featuring amenities such as swimming pools, laundry rooms, and easy access to the Galleria area. Many new Gulfton residents were transplants from the mid-west and northeast. In the early 1980s Houston's oil economy slumped and many of Gulfton's residents moved out – decreasing rents and increasing vacancies. This trend lead apartment owners to rebrand their apartments to newly



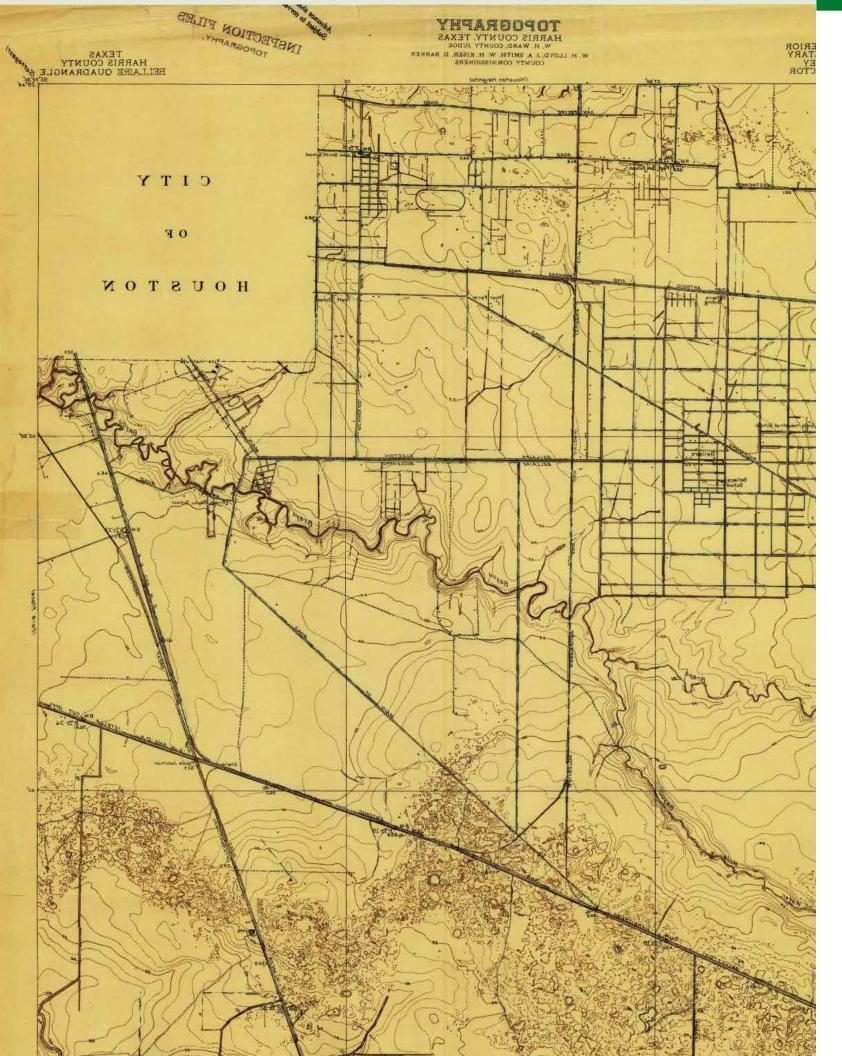
Local Indigenous dart points Source: Jason Barrett, Texas Department of Transportation



State of Coahila y Tejas, including the Austin Colony (in purple) Source: Woodson Research Center, Rice University



Native coastal prairie, Gulfton's original landscape Source: Jaime González



arriving immigrant families from Mexico, Central America, Vietnam and other locations. By 2000, the number of Gulfton residents doubled, even without the addition of housing.

Today, Gulfton's dazzling tapestry of international cultures, and welcoming character, is well recognized and serves as a great source of strength, often giving rise to Gulfton's nickname – "Houston's Ellis Island". Yet, it is important to note that the style of intense urbanization used to build modern Gulfton, replaced much of Gulfton's original ecology with imperious surfaces which absorb more heat and less water than natural environments. This land use change has made Gulfton one of Houston's physically hottest neighborhoods and one where street flooding has been an issue, particularly in the southeast portion of the neighborhood.

This urbanization has also imperiled Gulfton's wild residents, providing relatively little habitat for pollinators, birds, and indigenous plants in comparison to other neighborhoods throughout the city. Residents participating in the Greener Gulfton planning process consistently expressed strong support for creating new nature-rich areas (including ponds, tree plantings, gardens, and orchards) to attract butterflies, birds, and other wildlife which adds to the aesthetic appeal of the neighborhood while also uplifting mental, physical, cultural, and spiritual health of residents.



Longhorn cattle Source: Ed Schipul, Wikipedia



Article about Westmoreland Farms. Source: Woodson Research Center, Rice University



Map of Westmoreland Farms (shown in green) Source: Woodson Research Center, Rice University

Gulfton Residents

















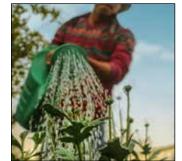








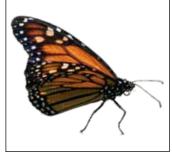
























58% of Gulfton residents were born outside the U.S.

Houston's Gulfton neighborhood is a vibrant, diverse community, with strong leadership, shared aspirations, and origins from across the planet. Gulfton's wild community is also vibrant and sports both Indigenous wildlife and plant life living alongside exotic plants prized for their

Of that 58%, **75%** were born in Latin America

cultural significance and beauty. Together, the human and non-human residents of Gulfton form a vibrant living community who need and deserve more nature for their health and wellbeing.

209 species of plants and animals were found throughout Gulfton based on the citizen science application, iNaturalist.

The **common trees species** observed include: Elms (*Ulmus sp.*), Pines (*Pinus sp.*), Ashes (*Fraxinus sp.*), Oaks such as, Water Oak (*Quercus nigra*), Willow Oak (*Quercus phellos*), Southern Live Oak (*Quercus virginiana*) Chinkapin Oak (*Quercus muehlenbergii*), Pecan (*Carya illinoisensis*), and Sugar Hackberry (*Celtis laeigata*).

Who and What is Here?

People of Gulfton

Understanding the ethnic, cultural, and ages of the people in Gulfton ensures we are tailoring the planning process and product to reflect the resident's expectations, and developing engagement strategies that are accessible and available to all residents of Gulfton. In addition, it provides an opportunity to work towards long-term stewardship of this plan's greening recommendations that is responsive to all of these factors.

What we found:

- Gulfton is an Immigrant Hub: 58% of residents are born outside the U.S. with 75% of that born in Latin America.¹
- Gulfton Residents Speak Many Different Languages: 14.9% of residents speak only English, 70% speak Spanish.2
- Gulfton Residents Are Relatively Young and Include Children: 34% of residents are younger than 20 years old, and 37% are less than 40 years old.
- Gulfton Residents Live with Less
 Economic Resources: 36% of residents
 live below the poverty line with a median
 household income of \$31,651 (compared to
 the median of Houston at \$52,450). Research
 and recommendations should look to support
 economic development for the existing
 residents, as well as provide opportunities to
 strengthen the community and support the
 younger generations.

Housing afford ability and ownership are issues that are only going to place Gulfton residents that are already vulnerable at higher risk of economic instability and loss of stable housing.

What we found:

- Gulfton Residents Primarily Rent and Live in Multi-Family Residential Units: Only 4.3% of residents own a home, compared to 37.5% in Houston. The main housing type in Gulfton is multi-family residential with approximately 18,846 occupied housing units.
- Gulfton Residents Need Affordable
 Housing: 50% of renters in Gulfton spend
 30% or more of their income on rent.
 Planning for sustained housing afford ability
 must be considered as part of research and
 recommendations to properly address equity.³

Understanding equitable access to assets in both economic and physical proximity is important. Building from the community's strong foundation of social assets, recommendations should address issues of economic hardship and lack of green and biologically diverse open spaces, in order for the community to continue to be able to adapt and thrive as one.

What we found:

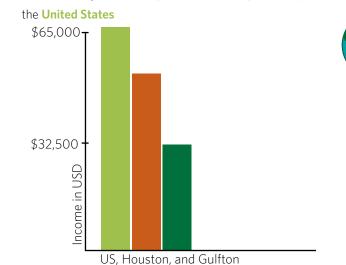
- Gulfton Residents Have Some Community Assets: Gulfton's assets include community centers such as Baker Ripley and Southwest service center, Burnett Bayland Park, as well as schools with Spark Parks and places of worship.
- Gulfton is Lacking Public Park Space: The 2015 Houston Parks Master Plan recommends 8 acres of park space per 1,000 people, 86 additional acres would need to be added to the Gulfton neighborhood to meet these recommendations. About 40% of residents live within a 10-minute walk to a park.

Figure 1.0 Languages Spoken

LANGUAGE SPOKEN	GULFTON	HOUSTON				
Only English	14.9%	51.2%				
Spanish	70.0%	38.8%				
Other and unspecified languages	8.2%	1.2%				
Other Indo-European Languages:	3.2%	2.1%				
French, Hatian, or Cajun	1.2%	0.6%				
Chinese (including Mandarin, Cantonese)	1.0%	1.3%				
Tagalog (including Filipino)	0.4%	0.4%				
Other Asian and Pacific Island Languages	0.4%	0.8%				
Vietnamese	0.3%	2.2%				
Arabic	0.3%	0.7%				
Russian, Polish or other Slavic language	0.1%	0.3%				
Korean	0.1%	0.2%				
Source: ACS 5-vear Estimate 2015-2019						

Source: ACS 5-year Estimate 2015-2019

Figure 1.1 Income across scales \$31,651 is the median household income for Gulfton, compared to \$52,450 for Houston, and \$65,712 in



Source: ACS 5-year Estimate 2015-2019

• Gulfton is Cultural Rich and Reflected Through Urban Art: The Gulfton Story Trail Mural Project brings the spirit of the people living in the neighborhood to the fore, and is a creative way to provide a more welcoming space. The project was made possible by a partnership between Culture of Health — Advancing Together (CHAT), a Houston area nonprofit organization, along with Houston Arts Alliance (HAA) and the Mayor's Office of Cultural Affairs.

What We Saw: Gulfton Recreates - During our site visit on November 6 2021, we observed families coming together at Burnett Bayland Park for organized recreation such as soccer and basketball, and solo recreation such as jogging and skateboarding.



Gulfton resident documenting nature and heat Source: Jaime González

climate change: In order to identify nature-based solutions to Climate Change, we must understand how vulnerable communities experience climate change impacts. Frontline communities should be part of decision making toward identifying local priorities, addressing access to natural resources, and ensuring equity in access to public services.⁴

Who and What is Here?

Environment & Climate

Land cover, land use, and understanding how an urban area has developed over time helps us to interpret the environment and infrastructure of the neighborhood. The ways these urban spaces are stitched together, and what networks of mobility link areas together illuminate spatial characteristics that can be improved or expanded in Gulfton.

What we found:

- Gulfton is Highly Urbanized and Developed: The majority of the neighborhood features highly developed land uses including, multifamily housing, commercial, and industrial with parking lots, streets, and buildings. Although this decreases the availability of open space in the neighborhood, it is also an asset to the community since its population density makes it an ideal place for a more walkable community.
- Gulfton Includes Mixed Land Uses in Close Proximity: Mixed land uses is not necessarily a poor indicator of the urban environment, however in the neighborhood mobility networks are often interrupted between land use types.
- Gulfton has Land Use Opportunities: The land use maps show some opportunities within the neighborhood that include: a east-west utility corridor north of Glenmont Street, Harris County owned land south of

Burnett Bayland Park, and some vacant land.

Gulfton is one of the most challenging and dangerous places to walk or bike in the City of Houston. Using a lens of equity and environmental justice, new transportation infrastructure can address the issues of both safety and environmental health. What we found:

- Gulfton Residents Do Not All Have Vehicles: Approximately 12.7% of households do not have access to vehicles, and families rely on other means of transportation.
- Gulfton Lacks Connected Sidewalks: The sidewalk conditions in the community are of poor quality, with 41% of existing sidewalks having some kind of obstruction.
- Gulfton Needs to Improve Street Right of Way (ROW) Safety: In most cases, streets are designed to carry large amounts of vehicles with traffic lanes. This places a major challenge for pedestrians crossing wide segments of road or with limited sidewalk space. Pedestrian and bicycle crashes with vehicles are not uncommon in the neighborhood, with a total of 41 pedestrian and bike crashes, 6 of which resulted in a fatality from 2014–2018.
- Gulfton Vehicular ROW is Relatively Wide: Many streets are between 50'- 60' as local or collector streets, and tend to be wide, multi-lane roads that are utilized primarily by vehicles passing through the neighborhood. and/or pilot project.

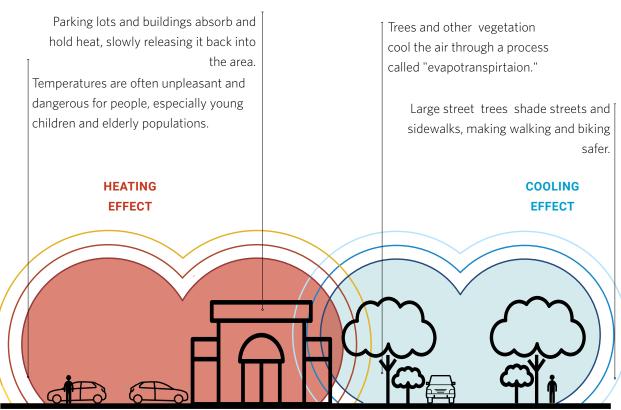
High urban temperatures are caused by a density of parking lots, buildings, streets, and other impervious surfaces that reflect heat back into the atmosphere, causing urbanized areas to be warmer than surrounding, less developed neighborhoods. High temperatures and air pollution can harm health by triggering asthma and heat-related illness. What we found:

- Gulfton Experiences High Urban Heat: The highly urbanized character of the neighborhood makes it vulnerable to high urban heat, especially in the northern portion of the area along Southwest Freeway, I-69 where most residents are located.
- Gulfton's Urban Heat Shifts Through the Day: Higher urban heat shifts from east to west in the neighborhood with heat lingering late into evening. The neighborhood has many paved parking lot areas which contribute to urban heat and reduce comfort for pedestrians. Areas of large open vegetated space, such as Burnett Bayland Park is cooler than the surrounding neighborhood.

What We Saw: Gulfton's People-Centered Infrastructure Need - During our site visit on November 6, we observed neighbors with strollers and walking with young children through the area. We also biked around the neighborhood and experienced multi-roadways that felt unsafe to be on and gaps along sidewalk infrastructure. In addition, some of the less immediately apparent concerns are flooding in the south-eastern portion of the neighborhood, which is more easily noticed in the data to follow.

CLIMATE CHANGE: Houston will go from experiencing 10 days a year with a heat index of 105 or more during our hot summers today to 74 days a year by 2050.⁵

Figure 1.2 Urban Microclimates



Who and What is Here?

Ecology

Understanding your local ecoregion provides an idea of what plant species and plant communities the site supported historically and what it is capable of supporting in the future. Ecoregions are areas of land or water that contain geographically distinct climates, groups of plant and animal species, and environmental conditions. Animals that have adapted to conditions within the gulf coast region still rely on important vegetation for survival; for example, the Monarch Butterfly (*Danaus plexippus*) needs both Milkweed (*Asclepias sp.*) and abundant nectar sources to complete its long migration.

What we found:

- Gulfton is in the Humid Gulf Coastal Prairie Ecoregion: Approximately 1% of the Gulf Coastal Prairie Ecoregion remains in Texas; much of this ecosystem has been converted to out landscape and land use types.
- Gulfton and the Houston Region is a Migration Route: Over the course of a season, millions of birds species pass through Texas. This winged migration also includes bats and insects of important significance.

Bayou systems throughout Houston are key routes for urban wildlife to move safely throughout the city. The prehistoric-looking alligator snapping turtle (*Macrochelys temminckii*) has been found in Buffalo Bayou in downtown Houston! Climate change is likely to increase the

severity of rainfalls, potentially causing homes that are currently within an area of minimal flood hazard to be in a flood-prone area. Reducing impervious cover and adding green infrastructure now may have flood benefits in the future. What we found:

- Gulfton is in the Brays Bayou
 Watershed and the Southeastern Portion
 of the Neighborhood is in the Floodplain:
 Brays Bayou is an urbanized watershed that
 covers 127 square miles and severe flooding
 occurs at least once every 10 years.
- Gulfton Does Not Directly Connect to Bayou Trails: Brays Bayou and the corresponding bayou trail is approximately 1.5 miles from the southern edge of the neighborhood.

Measuring and understanding the vertical complexities of vegetative cover is important because this three-dimensional information can serve as indicators for the potential of green space to support biodiversity, nature-based infrastructure (stormwater management), and climate mitigation, among other ecosystem services. In addition, biodiversity richness supports mental health for people but also ensures a thriving ecosystem for nature. What we found:

• Gulfton's Vegetative Cover and Tree Canopy is Not Evenly Distributed Throughout the Neighborhood: The densest vegetative cover is located in the Shenandoah community and associated with Burnett Bayland Park in Gulfton. In general streets lack trees to provide consistent shade and enhance biodiversity of species throughout the neighborhood. Some streets such as Gulfton, Alder, Renwick and Bellaire have trees sporadically along medians or along sidewalks. The species most observed are Elms, Pines and Ashes which vary in growth rates, however a more thorough tree

inventory should be done to understand the health and diversity of trees in the neighborhood.

• Gulfton has Low Biodiversity Richness: The lack of natural areas and green space in Gulfton has a negative effect on biodiversity in the neighborhood. In addition, not many bird species were observed in the area.

What We Saw: Gulfton's Green Thumb - During our site visit on November 6, we observed neighbors and community groups tending to the pollinator garden at Burnett Bayland Park. We also noticed people using any free outdoor space around multifamily housing units to plant vegetation, even using 5-gallon buckets from Lowes and Home Depot for fruit trees.

and number of living things on Earth and includes all species, from the fungi living on the roots of a maple tree, to the owl that lives in its branches, to the tree itself. It includes diversity within species, between species, and among ecosystems.





Prairies are part of the ecoregion of Houston, and understanding their plant communities can help in identifying supporting context-sensitive and locally adapted plantings responsive to these conditions throughout Gulfton



Understanding the role of vegetation along ditches throughout Gulfton can help not only with controlling or reducing sediment, but also increasing tree canopy coverage; overall planting along ditches can increase biodiversity. Pictured we see bald cypresses along typical Gulfton Street.

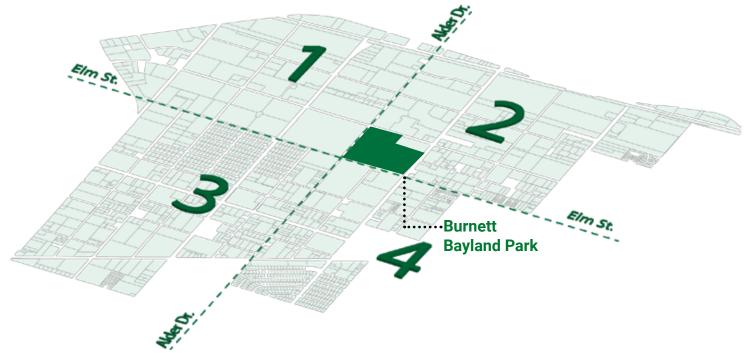
What is Here by Zones?











climate change: Gulfton was the hottest Harris County neighbored identified in the 2020 Houston Heat Watch Campaign - a full 17 degrees hotter than the coolest community in the county.

Gulfton Zones: Overview

As part of our analysis, our team split the Gulfton neighborhood up into four zones to create distinct community profiles that help shape the themes of reccomendations by zone. Each zone has concerns of interest that helps guide the neighborhood-wide recommendations and priorities.

Zone 1

The northwest section of the Gulfton Super Neighborhood is bounded to the north by I-69/ Southwest Freeway and is one of the densest zones of the neighborhood. The primary land use is multi-family residential where 60% of the residents were born outside the United States. Due to the built-out, impervious conditions, urban heat can be high and tree canopy is limited accounting for 12% of the surface area. There are opportunities to enhance nature-based strategies on private property and at local schools.





Zone 3

The southwest section of the Gulfton Super Neighborhood is bounded to the west by Hillcroft Avenue. The land use is a mixture of industrial, commercial, multi-family, and single-family residential where 63% of the residents were born outside the United States. Urban heat can be high in this zone, however, the tree canopy accounts for 14% of the surface area, and much of the vegetation is associated with the Shenandoah neighborhood. There are opportunities to create 'cooling corridors' from residential to more commercial areas of Gulfton.





Zone 2

The northeast section of the Gulfton Super Neighborhood is bounded to the north by I-69/ Southwest Freeway. The land use is a mixture of industrial, commercial, and multi-family residential where 48% of the residents were born outside the United States. Urban heat can be high in this zone. Tree canopy is limited, accounting for 10% of the surface area, and much of the tree cover is associated with Burnett Bayland Park. There are opportunities to enhance park space at Burnett Bayland Park and at schools within this part of Gulfton.





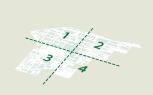
Zone 4

The southeast section of the Gulfton Super Neighborhood is bounded to the west by Alder Drive. The land use is a mix of industrial, commercial, multi-family, and single-family residential where 56% of the residents were born outside the United States. Urban heat is lower in this zone. Tree canopy accounts for 16% of the surface area, and much of the vegetation is associated with the Chimney Rock Center, owned by Harris County. Eighty-eight percent of the zone is within the 100-year floodplain. There are opportunities to transform the land around the Chimney Rock Center to create a community asset and effective site for stormwater capture.





Gulfton Super Neighborhood



People **DEMOGRAPHICS** ACS Data 2015-2019

LAND USE

Urban Footprint, 2021 H-GAC, Landcover







METRO, Public Transit H-GAC, Pedestrian Houston Bike Plan/H-GAC, existing bike paths

proposed bike paths

bus routes

SUMMER HEAT SNAPSHOT

Houston H3AT Team, Measured August 7, 2020 7:00-8:00pm

Climate

Environment

Ecology



FEMA, Harris County

TREE CANOPY **COVERAGE***

* Vegetation over 9 feet

iNaturalist Download, November 23, 2021 & HARC Research for Gulfton



Zone 2

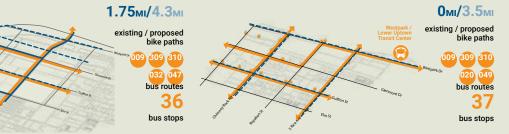


7% within 100-yr

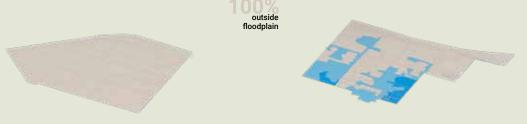
within 500-yr

10%









Utility Easement

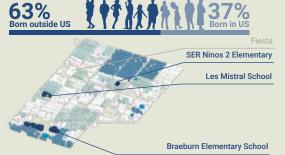
Klein Early Start

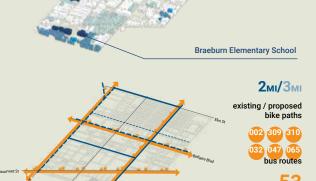


Zone 3





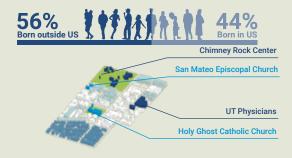




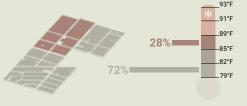
















Vegetative Cover

What is Going On?		Aanagement		apacity	
The following provides an overview of existing plans and initiatives that the Gulfton neighborhood and the surrounding area has undertaken, and their relevance to the development of the Greener Gulfton Plan.	Mobility	Stormwater Management	Structural	ommunity C	
Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown	2	<i>(</i>)	S	0	
The Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown was a result of the collaboration across 70 organizations, neighborhood groups, and public agencies to strategize an action plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown. This plan creates a vision that focuses on housing afford ability and quality, transportation access and safety, community health and wellness, and education and workforce development.					
Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan	· :				
The Gulfton Action Plan outlines the vision, policies, goals and projects that have been identified through a community planning process to move the neighborhood towards a healthier, more prosperous, resilient, and equitable future. From the priorities identified in the Complete Communities Action plan, Greener Gulfton can focus on expanding parks and open spaces, health, civic engagement, neighborhood character and mobility and infrastructure.					
Houston Climate Action Plan	÷		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
The Climate Action Plan (CAP) is a community-wide effort that includes strategies and actions that are evidence-based, practical, and cost effective. The CAP consists of four focus areas: Transportation, Energy Transition, Building Optimization and Materials Management. The actions were prioritized based on possible emission reductions, potential to improve community equity and resilience, reduce pollution and waste, and support the local economy.					
Resilient Houston	·······				
The Resilient Houston document is a companion document to the Houston Climate Action Plan. The Greener Gulfton planning process is a holistic effort that brings together expertise as it relates to neighborhood scale planning, public health, urban ecology, equity, art, and design. There are opportunities to integrate and embed particular goals set in the Resilient Houston plan in the Greener Gulfton project.					
Houston Bike Plan	:				
The Houston Bike Plan outlines a clear vision to be a Gold-level Bicycle Friendly City by 2027 and establishes a work for how to achieve that vision. For the Greener Gulfton plan, there is an opportunity to focus on off-street facilities that can be complemented with planting and landscape amenities that expand the network of ecosystems in the area.					

• • •	Houston Vision Zero Action Plan The Vision Zero Action Plan is a commitment to safer streets in Houston and identifies 50 actions that the City will take to eliminate traffic deaths and serious injuries by 2030. At the center of this plan is upholding everyone's right to safe, accessible streets and sidewalks. The Greener Gulfton Plan advocates for more connectivity that prioritizes transportation safety for the community.	Mobility	Stormwater Manageme	Structural	Community Capacity	Nature
	Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment The Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment recommendations prioritize safety on the main streets in Gulfton. These recommendations include reducing the amount of vehicular lanes, adding buffered bike lanes, installing traffic signals, optimizing accessibility, enhancing the pedestrian realm, and creating a community plaza space.					
	Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study The Special District Study was conducted using the Gulfton and Woodlake/ Briarmeadows areas to identify strategic investment areas for pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The study's approach included assessing the area's issues and needs through public engagement, data collection and analysis, and identifying priority projects.					
	Cities Connecting Children to Nature Cities Connecting Children to Nature (CCCN) is a nation-wide initiative promoting the equitable access to nature so that both children and nature can thrive. CCCN provides cities to with guidance for establishing these connections through training on promising practices, access to national experts, and peer learning opportunities.					
	Neighborhood Manufacturing Study The purpose of the Neighborhood Manufacturing Study in Gulfton was to identify unique challenges and opportunities faced by small business owners, manufacturers, and makers in Gulfton. Finding new ways to help these businesses in Gulfton thrive based on precedent studies from around the country is a priority of this study.					
	Affordable Multi-Family Housing: Risks and Opportunities This affordable housing report examines the need for affordable housing in Houston and Harris County. The risks of flooding and the accelerating loss of affordable housing in the area makes understanding the issue imperative so opportunity areas can be identified. The report answers questions such as: where is current affordable housing located, how many units are located in flood-prone areas, what are the challenges to preserving current affordable housing, and what funding strategies can be utilized.					

What Work Inspires Us?

Greening toward Community Action!

As part of the efforts towards looking at solutions that heavily center biodiversity, nature, history, community and art, we looked to the examples below for inspiration that help catalyze a Greener Gulfton. The examples below look at various types of installations, murals, and

immersive place activations that bring people to a space, uncover data that is not as easily visible, creatively work with found materials, and look at activating often overlooked and under used spaces. More information about these individual pieces are found in the appendix.









This installation reveals the layers that are not always visible in cities and neighborhoods. Uncovering facts about a place can bring attention to important themes from this report.



Ciudad Emergente, Okuplaza Santiago, Chile - South America

This installation is an effective example of activating places FOR people, and demonstrates the power of community capacity toward encouraging community uses.





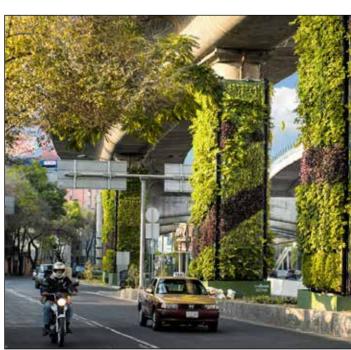








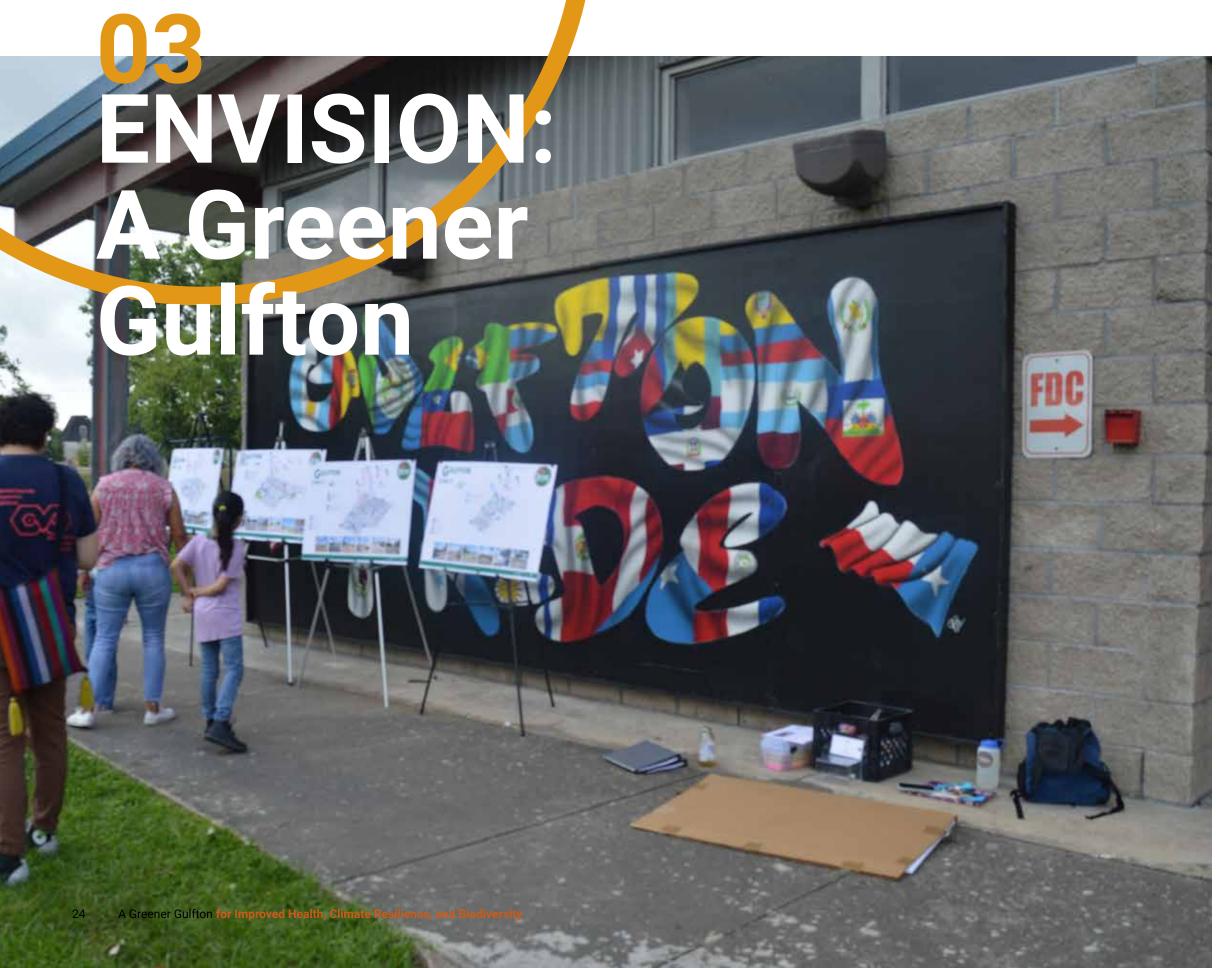
Integrating waste and recycled/found material is an excellent way to think about merging ecology and environmental health in a unique way.



Mexico City, Via Verde

Mexico City, Mexico

This transformation of freeway structures demonstrates how to introduce nature successfully toward more people friendly places.



A Vision for Gulfton

Where Should These Actions Happen?

What Actions Can We Take?

How Can We Support Our Non-Human Residents?

How Do We Fund These Recommendations?

Introduction

This section covers content that begins to outline A Vision for Gulfton, informed by community engagement, the Guiding Principles that support our work, and the specific recommendations we are making based on ongoing conversations. In addition, this section gets closer to information toward implementation, whether it's pilot project content, or prioritization criteria. The overall effort is to support and green this neighborhood in a way that considers both people and non-human residents alike.

A Vision for Gulfton

Overview of Process

As part of envisioning a Greener Gulfton, our team met with community members, steering committee members, and Gulfton Ambassadors to not only share the data about the neighborhood that is available, but also to hear from them on the benefits that nature provides to their everyday lives, opportunities they imagine in their neighborhood, and ultimately the vision and guiding principles that should be reflected in a plan that hopes to make this neighborhood responsive to the needs of all residents, amidst the reality of the varied conditions found here. To

meet community members and leaders throughout Gulfton, meetings included virtual zoom conversations, a community kick-off held during a community park clean-up event, a walking tour that took place in the Gulfton neighborhood, and a park activation event that revolved around identifying existing biodiversity found in the neighborhood. All of these events provided information that informed a range of options for a concise set of vision statements and guiding principles, as well as direction to envision pilot project opportunities. By summarizing these conversations into vision statements. steering committee members and Green Ambassadors had the opportunity to vote online for their preferred options shaped by their contributions throughout the process. Ultimately, the following vision statement was selected as the top priority for A Greener Gulfton for Nature, Health, and Resilience.

Greener Gulfton is a DIVERSE and VIBRANT community that is HEALTHY, CLIMATE PREPARED, and CONNECTED to NATURE

Gulfton más verde es una comunidad DIVERSA y VIBRANTE que está SANA, CLIMÁTICAMENTE PREPARADA, y CONECTADA a la NATURALEZA SALUD Y BIENESTAR. Gulfton es un lugar donde las comunidades son apoyadas en sus metas hacia la mejora de la salud y el bienestar y donde las personas y la vida silvestre son apoyadas para vivir vidas largas, felices y saludables

HONRAR A LOS ANCESTROS. Gulfton es un lugar en el que todo nuestro ser, nuestras raíces y nuestras historias forman parte de las soluciones para lograr un futuro más saludable y mejorar la salud humana, la salud ecológica y la salud medioambiental.

SEGURIDAD. Gulfton es un lugar donde un diseño urbano inteligente puede crear un lugar más seguro, saludable y acogedor para todos los residentes y visitantes.

PERSEVERANCIA. Gulfton es un lugar en el que todos los residentes, independientemente de sus ingresos, raza, género o capacidades, reciben todo el apoyo necesario para liderar y poner en práctica soluciones que les beneficien a ellos, a sus familias, a sus vecinos y a su comunidad, así como en la visión que tienen para sus comunidades y que apoya una mejor salud humana, ecológica y medioambiental.

EQUIDAD. Gulfton es un lugar donde el aumento de la naturaleza y el acceso implica abordar las injusticias históricas y mejorar las condiciones físicas y sociales de todos los residentes con una visión de justicia y equidad para todos.

HEALTH & WELLNESS. Gulfton is a place where communities are supported in their goals toward improved health and wellness and where people and wildlife are supported to live long, happy, healthy lives

HONORING ANCESTORS. Gulfton is a place where our full selves, roots, and histories are part of solutions for healthier futures, and improved human health, ecological health, and environmental health.

SAFETY. Gulfton is a place where smart urban design can create safer, healthier, and more welcoming place for all residents and visitors.

PERSEVERANCE. Gulfton is a place where all residents regardless of income, race, gender, or abilities are fully supported to lead and implement solutions that benefit them, their families, their neighbors, and their community and in the vision that they hold for their communities that supports improved human, ecological, and environmental health.

EQUITY. Gulfton is a place where increasing nature and access involves addressing historical injustices and improving the physical and social conditions of all residents with a vision of justice and equity for all.

Where Should These Actions Happen?

Introduction

The vision, guiding principles, and community events and meetings resulted in plan recommendations grounded in the Gulfton neighborhood's context. The recommendations for the Gulfton super neighborhood are divided into two sections. The first section focuses on the main, neighborhood-wide recommendations supported by the Green Ambassadors, Steering Committee, and residents we met at community events. The second section outlines, in broad terms different strategy actions that can be taken in the neighborhood. These categories include:

- MOBILITY ACTIONS,
- STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ACTIONS,
- ARCHITECTURAL/STRUCTURAL ACTIONS,
- NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTIONS and,
- COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTIONS.

Each action within these themes corresponds with the designated colors. The strategies were translated into English, Spanish, and Arabic so that they could be used at community events to engage with residents.

Neighborhood-Wide Actions -Over the Next 5-10 years

NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY
CAPACITY ACTION: Fund and
implement a Burnett Bayland Park Master
Plan for improved recreational and nature
experiences

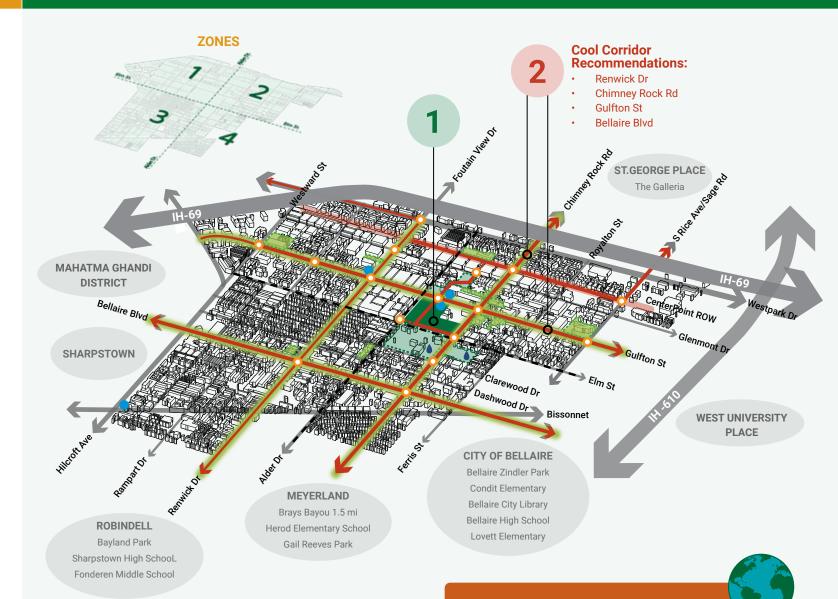
Initiate and Develop a Master Plan for Burnett Bayland Park - continued

The Gulfton super neighborhood lacks high-quality parks and open space, especially in areas along IH-69 and in Zones 1 and 3. Burnett Bayland park is already a popular destination, but parts of the park need moderate to major improvements including providing safe and accessible ways of getting to and from the space. Below are a few other key things to consider as part of the planning process.

- Consider expanding park space south into Harris County-owned property, consider a longterm plan to relocate the Correction Facilities
- Consider opportunities to expand park space to adjacent undeveloped land east of Chimney Rock Rd and north of Gulfton Street
- Consider access and safe crossings into the park space such as from SER Ninos Middle School to the north and other adjacent facilities
- Provide welcoming and accessible ways into the park by removing the fence and developing mobility systems to get to and around the park
- Consider ways to support fruit trees and community gardens within the park boundary
- Consider improving the multipurpose fields to improve safety and promote more usage
- Evaluate under used areas in the park to propose new amenities

MOBILITY ACTION: Initiate a cool corridors program to combat climate change and urban heat island impacts

The 2020 Houston-Harris County Heat Watch Campaign found Gulfton as one of the hottest neighborhoods at 17 degrees hotter than cooler neighborhoods in the county. In addition, about 13% of households do not have access to personal vehicles and rely on other transportation types. Developing a Cool Corridors program combines mobility upgrades and improvements with planting trees, and vegetation to develop more comfortable ways to navigate the neighborhood.



Initiate and Start Cool Corridors Program within Gulfton - continued

- Consider opportunities to collaborate with the Houston Parks Board to support the development of the Gulfton 'T' strategy outlined in the 2018 Beyond the Bayous Report as a Cool Corridor
- Consider opportunities to support nonvehicular strategies that connect to the CenterPoint ROW and down to the Brays Bayou trail system
- In addition to the north-south corridors, develop a strategy to support east-west Cool Corridors to create a network

Cool Corridors offer residents of all ages and abilities relief from hot weather through the provisioning of natural and engineered shade, use of green infrastructure and other features that lower daytime air temperature, availability of benches, drinking water foundations, and other features to facilitate rest and recovery. Cool Corridors could have a combination of public and private features that provide shade or reduce extreme heat such as: landscaping in the public right-ofway, landscaping in private property, public art, cool pavement, and misters. The target shade coverage for Cool Corridors is 60%.

Source: City of Phoenix Cool Corridors Program

Neighborhood-Wide Actions -Over the Next 5-10 years

MOBILITY ACTION: Support and implement sidewalk improvements and safe crossings to address pedestrian safety and access issues

The Gulfton super neighborhood needs investment in its pedestrian infrastructure. Researchers at the Kinder Institute found that 36% of the 486 street segments had no sidewalk, and 41% of sidewalks had some kind of obstruction such as a gap in the network. Building off this, Gulfton Complete Communities is working on a Resilient Sidewalks Study that is currently underway (2022/23). This study will provide recommendations and prioritize investment.

- Based on the sidewalk study and other relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the pedestrian projects for Gulfton
- Find opportunities to coordinate with the Cool Corridors program to support cooling efforts as it relates to pedestrian spaces
- Emphasize and support efforts to implement sidewalk and crossing improvements to Burnett Bayland Park and other green spaces
- Find opportunities for road diet projects to reduce traffic speed, promote safety and increase space available for pedestrian back or curb improvements that include wider sidewalks, planting areas, and when feasible, green infrastructure strategies such as rain gardens
- Delineate on street parking areas by providing bulb-outs at intersections to reduce pedestrian crossing distance, improve safety and add opportunities for planting

4

NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION: Activate a neighborhood urban forestry strategy to mitigate heat, improve air quality, and support wildlife

The Gulfton super neighborhood lacks a sufficient urban tree canopy, especially in areas along IH-69 in Zones 1 and 2. Tree canopy that makes up approximately 40-60% cover significantly helps to cool the ambient air temperature. Undergoing an Urban Forestry Study can help to determine where trees can be added to fill these gaps and plan for the future.

- Consider coordinating with Trees for Houston which has dedicated 100 trees for the Gulfton area as part of the study
- Coordinate between the Cool Corridors program to prioritize trees along key mobility corridors
- Trees take time and resources to reach mature heights and provide needed shade; consider other ways of creating temporary shade with structures such as green facades

5

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ACTION: Facilitate a green stormwater feasibility study and action plan, in southeast Gulfton, to reduce street-level flooding and add greenspace

The southeastern section of the Gulfton super neighborhood is within the 100 year FEMA Flood Zone, approximately 16% percent of the land area of Gulfton. These areas are primarily in Zones 2, 3, and 4. The area experiences more localized flooding when the stormwater infrastructure is undersized and gets overwhelmed with high-volume rain events.



Initiate and Undergo a Stormwater Feasibility Study within the southeast sections of Gulfton - continued

- Both grey and green stormwater management techniques will need to be considered in tandem to provide the proper stormwater storage and water quality improvements in the neighborhood
- Consider coordinating with the Master Plan effort for Burnett Bayland Park and explore opportunities of including stormwater management improvements
- Consider opportunities to expand into Harris County-owned property for stormwater management improvements
- Coordinate with the Cool Corridors program to consider stormwater management along the corridors where appropriate



Bioswales are linear stormwater management systems that infiltrate, slow, and clean water when it rains

Neighborhood-Wide Actions -Over the Next 5-10 years

6 NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY
CAPACITY ACTION: Increase gardens,
parks, and natural habitats at schools
for improved health and academic
achievement

The Gulfton super neighborhood has multiple schools and learning institutions, especially along Gulfton Street. Students who attend schools rich in nature spaces have been shown to have higher academic achievement and better focus.

- Coordinate with the Cool Corridors program to consider non-vehicular mobility improvement along Gulfton Street
- Prioritize protected crossings to parks and open spaces from schools
- Consider making nature-based improvements to schools that could be public and provide needed park space in the neighborhood
- Consider starting improvement efforts at Benavidez Elementary School as there was once a nature garden and pond which could be considered again

COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION & NATURE-BASED COMMUNITY CAPACITY ACTION: Create naturerich civic spaces - including the 'Placita' Pilot Project - for cultural, physical, mental, and biodiversity health

• The Placita Pilot Project serves as a test case for a larger plaza within Gulfton, such as in Burnett Bayland Park as part of the Master Plan process

See ACT Section of this report for more detail.

Partnerships and Community Capacity

The ambitious recommendations presented here will rely on committed leaders and community capacity to complete projects and maintain those improvements. There may be opportunities to leverage financing for certain projects by encouraging the development of public-private partnerships that support a common goal. This organization strategy can leverage private sector investment and local philanthropy to support the project when public funding is not immediately available. This often allows projects to be completed on a faster time line without the major burdens experienced through a typical government process. That being said, a robust public outreach plan must be a critical component of any partnership strategy. Thus, even in a public-private partnership, the voices of the community will be heard and the process will be kept as transparent as possible. The **Houston** Parks Board (HPB), for instance, is working on their Beyond the Bayous program and there may be opportunities to leverage HPB's work in Gulfton by aligning goals and prioritizing projects.

In general, parks, trails, and green spaces are essential to health and quality of life by enhancing the physical, mental, and social well-being of the communities they support. With this in mind, many health care organizations and funders are supporting projects that enhance the environmental conditions within our cities. Consider developing or expanding partnerships with the local and regional hospitals, community health centers, and public health agencies, and health care funders, such as Harris County Public Health and/or the City of Houston Health Department.



Partnerships and Community Capacity - continued

Beyond direct financial support, partnerships can also provide programming, maintenance, stewardship efforts, and support local businesses. This can take the form of internal departmental partnerships which leverage existing programs to provide opportunities to strengthen programming for the community. In addition, partnerships can be pursued with local non profits to develop creative programming and/or stewardship opportunities including adopt-apark efforts, park clean-up days, and restoration opportunities. Las Madres del Parque is an example of an organization dedicated to stewarding parks and open space in Gulfton.



Burnett Bayland Park clean up event lead by Las Madres del Parque in fall 2021

What Actions Can We Take?

Action Strategies for a Greener Gulfton

The following section provides the five themes from our recommendations that promote a Greener Gulfton. Please refer to the Appendix to review the strategy cards and additional information used during the community engagement phases of our effort.

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS: As part of our recommendations, we made suggestions on the general locations that recommendations can be implemented. These are general, so that there is flexibility to where things are installed.

PLANNING DOCUMENT REFERENCE: This section demonstrates that strategies are supported and outlined in other documents, and demonstrate that recommendations here are intended to provide additional specificity to get closer to implementation.

EXAMPLES OF STRATEGY: These demonstrate precedents for strategy actions recommended. Photos marked with a lightning bolt have opportunities for immediate or near-term and short-term implementation.

STRATEGY TITLE: This provides the number and title recommended.

DESCRIPTION: This provides a general overview of the strategy presented.

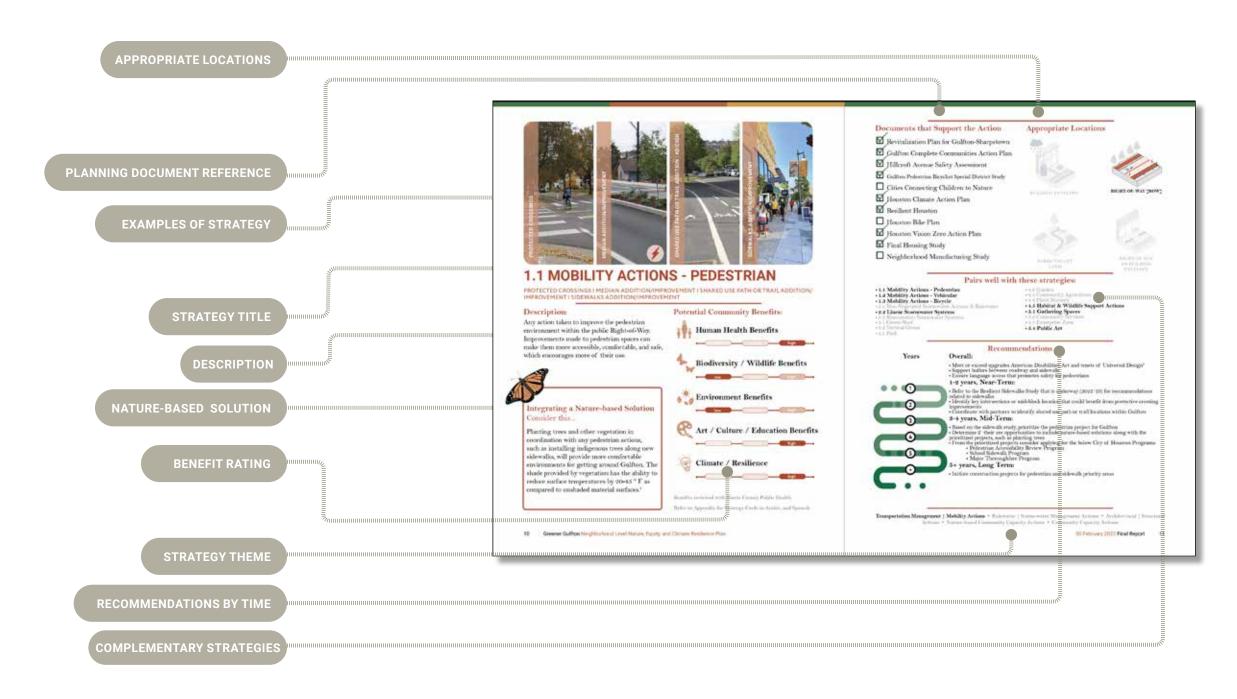
NATURE-BASED SOLUTION: This provides research to supplement solutions that incorporate elements of nature.

BENEFIT RATING: This provides readers an understanding on the various benefits provided by the strategy

STRATEGY THEME: This demonstrates the 5 overarching themes that our recommendations and strategies are aligned to.

RECOMMENDATIONS BY TIME: This section provides readers a level of detail on timing to achieve implementation.

COMPLEMENTARY STRATEGY: This section demonstrates how recommendations can be coupled with other items outlined in our list of Strategy Actions.









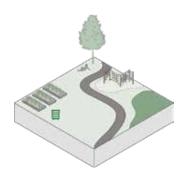




Refers to catalytic projects that can be implementable in the near term.

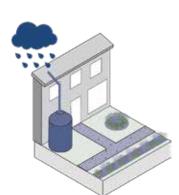
Action Strategy Cards

As part of the recommendations made for the Strategy Actions, our team wanted to include suggestion based on locations by strategy. Of the total 17 strategy actions used for engagement, these strategy cards included suggestions for implementation along areas such as Building Envelopes, Parks/Vacant Land, Right-of-Way, and Right-of-Way to Building Envelope. The definitions for these typologies found in Gulfton are as follows:

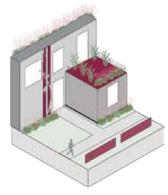


PARKS/VACANT LAND

PARKS / VACANT LAND: Parks are natural or semi-natural spaces set aside for recreation and enjoyment. Vacant land has no buildings on it and is not currently being used.

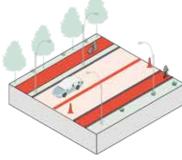


BUILDING ENVELOPE



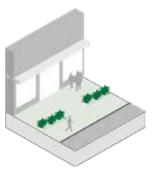
BUILDING ENVELOPE

BUILDING ENVELOPE: is the maximum space on a lot that a structure can be built as permitted by existing regulations. There are 2 variations, one with a stormwater emphasis, and another with an emphasis on roof coverage.



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]

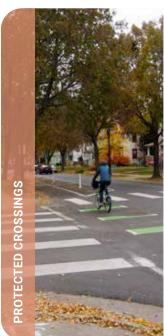
RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]: Right-of-Way are defined as the legal right, established by usage or grant, to pass along a specific route and can include roadways, trails, and utility easements. These spaces can be public or kept private based on use type. Public Right-of-Way are subject for existing or future streets, curbs, planting strips or street trees, utilities, infrastructure or sidewalks.



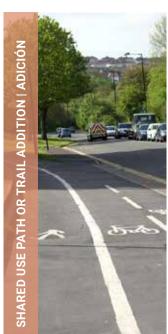
RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE is the space between a lot's buildable area and the public ROW.











1.1 MOBILITY ACTIONS - PEDESTRIAN

PROTECTED CROSSINGS I MEDIAN ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I SHARED USE PATH OR TRAIL ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I SIDEWALKS ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT

Description:

Any action taken to improve the pedestrian environment within the public Right-of-Way. Improvements made to pedestrian spaces can make them more accessible, comfortable, and safe, which encourages more of their use.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

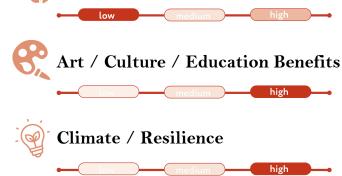
Planting trees and other vegetation in coordination with any pedestrian actions, such as installing indigenous trees along new sidewalks, will provide more comfortable environments for getting around Gulfton. The shade provided by vegetation has the ability to reduce surface temperatures by 20-45 ° F as compared to unshaded material surfaces.⁷

Potential Community Benefits:









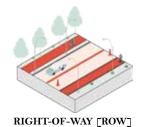
Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- ☑ Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- M Houston Climate Action Plan
- M Resilient Houston
- Houston Bike Plan
- Mouston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ▼ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations









PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green • 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone • 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years Overall:

- •Meet or exceed upgrades American Disabilities Act and tenets of Universal Design⁸
- •Support buffers between roadway and sidewalk
- •Ensure language access that promotes safety for pedestrians

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Refer to the Resilient Sidewalks Study that is underway (2022/23) for recommendations related to sidewalks
- •Identify key intersections or mid-block location that could benefit from protective crossing improvements
- •Coordinate with partners to identify shared use path or trail locations within Gulfton

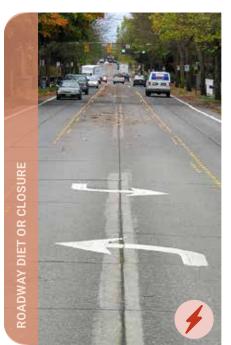
3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Based on the sidewalk study, prioritize the pedestrian project for Gulfton
- •Determine if their are opportunities to include nature-based solutions along with the prioritized projects, such as planting trees
- •From the prioritized projects consider applying for the below City of Houston Programs:
 - Pedestrian Accessibility Review Program
 - School Sidewalk Program
 - Major Thoroughfare Program

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate construction projects for pedestrian and sidewalk priority areas

Transportation Management | Mobility Actions • Rainwater | Storm-water Management Actions • Architectural | Structural Actions • Nature-based Community Capacity Actions • Community Capacity Actions







1.2 MOBILITY ACTIONS - VEHICULAR

ROADWAY DIET OR CLOSURE I STREET INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT I BUS STOP IMPROVEMENT

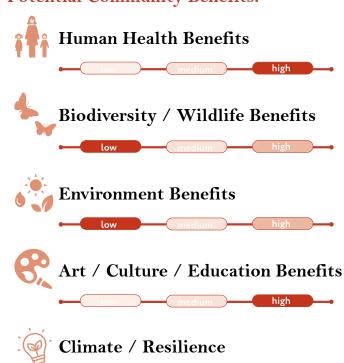
Description:

Any action taken to improve the vehicular environment within the public Right-of-Way, especially improvements that support multiple mobility uses. Road diets, improvements made to street intersections and bus stops can improve safety for all users while creating a comfortable environment for pedestrians, cyclists, and transit users.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Planting trees along roads creates multiple benefits. Studies show lower stress levels of drivers that see natural or tree lined roadsides as opposed to all-built settings⁹ and improved driving safety. Placing trees or vegetated planters in urban arterial roadsides can reduce mid-block crashes by 5%-20%.¹⁰

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

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- Millcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- ☑ Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- M Houston Climate Action Plan
- ▼ Resilient Houston
- Houston Bike Plan
- ₩ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ▼ Final Housing Study
- Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations









PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

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- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone • 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Seek opportunities and projects that reduce the number of drive lanes and/or promote shared mobility
- •Incorporate lighting for nighttime safety considerations
- •Ensure language access for roadway signage and public transportation

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the vehicular and public transportation projects for Gulfton
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include nature-based solutions along with the prioritized projects, such as planting street trees to create 'cool corridors'

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •Consider testing projects by supporting temporary road closures or pilot ideas at bus stops
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Transportation Planning webpage to identify grant opportunities or programs

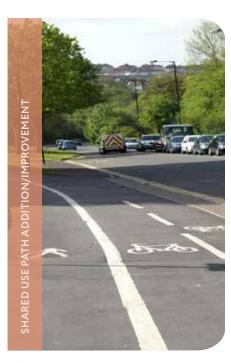
5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate construction projects and/or pilot roadway or public transportation interventions

Transportation Management | Mobility Actions • Rainwater | Storm-water Management Actions • Architectural | Structural Actions • Nature-based Community Capacity Actions • Community Capacity Actions







1.3 MOBILITY ACTIONS - BICYCLE

BIKE LANES ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I COVERED/LOCKED BIKE PARKING I BIKE RACKS I SHARED USE PATH OR TRAIL ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT

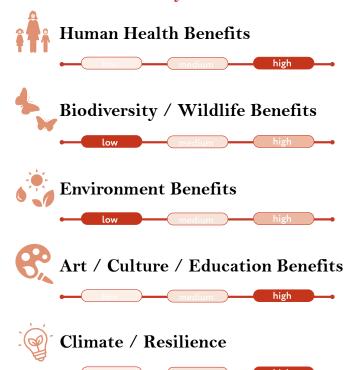
Description:

Any action taken to improve the bicycle environment within the public Right-of-Way. Bike lanes are portions of roadways that have been designated by striping, signage, and pavement markings for the use of bicyclists. Adding or improving bike lanes, paths, and bicycling amenities can encourage more cycling by creating a safer and more comfortable environment.

Integrating a Nature-based SolutionConsider this...

Areas of high pedestrian and bike traffic can be designed as 'cool corridors'. Cool corridors are linear green spaces such as tree-lined trails, paths, and streets that help to reduce the hot conditions present in dense urban areas. Planning and planting these corridors now will help the next generation of Gulfton residents.

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

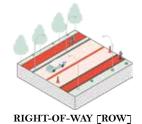
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

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Appropriate Locations









PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

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- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Support buffers between bicycle lane and roadway
- •Incorporate lighting for nighttime safety considerations
- •Ensure language access for bicycle signage and communications

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the bicycle projects for Gulfton
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include nature-based solutions along with the prioritized projects, such as planting street trees to create 'cool corridors'

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •Consider testing projects by supporting temporary road closures or pilot ideas at bus stops
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Transportation Planning webpage to identify grant opportunities or programs

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate construction projects and/or pilot roadway or public transportation interventions









2.1 NON VEGETATED STORMWATER ACTIONS & RAINWATER HARVESTING

CISTERN I RAIN TANK I UNDERGROUND STORAGE I STORMWATER DRAIN MARKERS I POROUS PAVEMENT

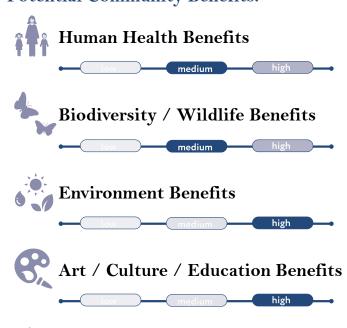
Description:

Rainwater or stormwater actions that do not include vegetation. Rainwater harvesting are passive methods of gathering rainwater either with a container (like a cistern or tank) for future use or using pavement that allows water to infiltrate into the soil below. Stormwater drain markers are warning signs placed at storm drains to deter deliberate dumping of pollutants.

Integrating a Nature-based SolutionConsider this...

Pairing the installation of rainwater harvesting systems with vegetation and/or gardens can be an excellent way to reuse captured water. Studies have shown that if installed correctly, the water from cisterns is suitable for watering vegetation, especially roof runoff which is usually free of chemical and dissolved minerals.¹¹

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

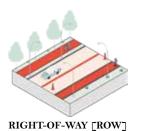
Climate / Resilience

Documents that Support the Action

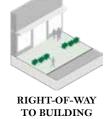
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- M Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations









ENVELOPE

PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green
- 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

- \bullet Where possible hold water where it falls to reduce stress on the local stormwater infrastructure
- •Capture water where possible to provide water reuse options
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of stormwater systems
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage related to stormwater including nonpotable signage associated with rainwater harvesting

1-2 years, Near-Term:

Overall:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize rainwater harvesting and communications in the neighborhood
- \bullet Determine if there are opportunities to include rainwater harvesting and other stormwater actions with nearby natural areas or garden

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Incentives for Green Development, and Harris county incentives for water conservation

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate water conservation projects where applicable

Transportation Management | Mobility Actions • Rainwater | Storm-water Management Actions • Architectural | Structural Actions • Nature-based Community Capacity Actions • Community Capacity Actions





2.2 LINEAR STORMWATER SYSTEMS

VEGETATED FILTER STRIP I VEGETATED SWALE I VEGETATED BIOSWALE

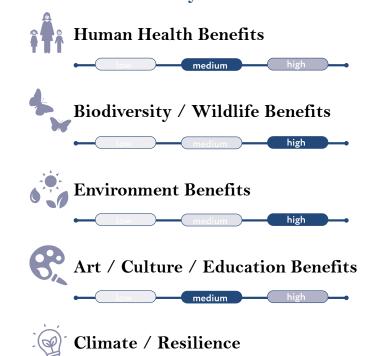
Description:

Vegetated filter strips are areas of land placed between sources of pollution and bodies of water. Vegetated swales and bioswales are open, shallow channels designed to direct and infiltrate stormwater. These methods are used to capture rainwater runoff, facilitate infiltration back into the earth, and remove debris and pollution.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Linear stormwater systems have the potential of reducing stormwater by 20 to 85% with infiltration by soil and indigenous plant species. These systems are most effective during 80 to 95% annual storm event.12 It is best to pair this strategy with other stormwater actions to increase the quantity and quality of stormwater treated.

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

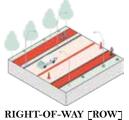
Documents that Support the Action

- M Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- ☑ Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- ☐ Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- Houston Climate Action Plan
- M Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations

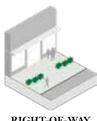








PARKS/VACANT LAND



TO BUILDING **ENVELOPE**

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems • 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green
- 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Where possible hold water where it falls to reduce stress on the local stormwater infrastructure
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of stormwater systems, this includes the proper maintenance of ditches and other drainage systems
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize linear stormwater and communications in the neighborhood
- •Creating a campaign to encourage property owners to properly maintain area ditches and
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include indigenous plant species and other vegetation with the stormwater actions

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Incentives for Green Development, and Harris county incentives for water conservation

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate water conservation projects where applicable

Transportation Management | Mobility Actions • Rainwater | Storm-water Management Actions • Architectural | Structural Actions • Nature-based Community Capacity Actions • Community Capacity Actions





2.3 BIORETENTION STORMWATER SYSTEMS

RAIN GARDEN I STORMWATER PLANTER BOX

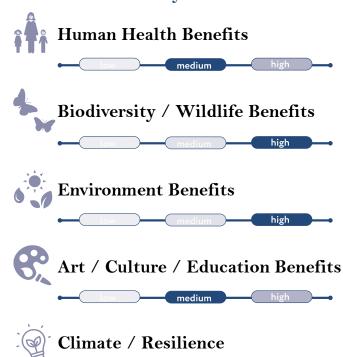
Description:

Bioretention systems, such as rain gardens or stormwater planter boxes are shallow, vegetated areas that collect and absorb runoff from rooftops, sidewalks, streets, and other hard surfaces. Stormwater that enters the system either is filtered before continuing downstream or is infiltrated and held in the soil bed.

Integrating a Nature-based SolutionConsider this...

Bioretention stormwater systems can also provide urban wildlife habitat. There are many indigenous plants in the region that can thrive in both wet and dry conditions and have deep fibrous roots to encourage infiltration. Indigenous plant species of the Texas Gulf Coast Prairies ecoregion can be ideal for these systems.

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

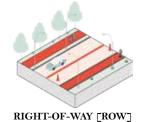
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

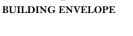
Documents that Support the Action

- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- ☑ Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- ☑ Houston Climate Action Plan
- M Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

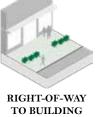
Appropriate Locations











ENVELOPE

PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
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- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Service
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- $\bullet \mbox{Where possible hold}$ water where it falls to reduce stress on the local stormwater infrastructure
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of stormwater systems
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the use of bioretention system and communications in the neighborhood
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include indigenous plant species and other vegetation with the stormwater actions

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Incentives for Green Development, and Harris county incentives for water conservation

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate water conservation projects where applicable





3.1 GREEN ROOF

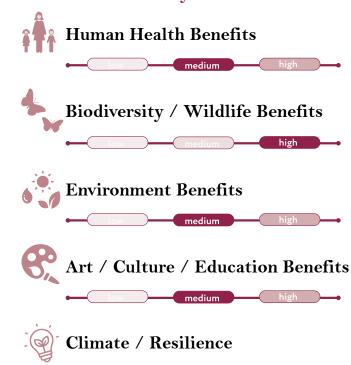
Description:

A green roof system is a layer of vegetation, soil media, and waterproof membrane installed on top of a flat or slightly-sloped roof. The vegetation and soil media can filter stormwater pollution, reduce runoff, and moderate the temperature of a building or home.

Integrating a Nature-based SolutionConsider this...

Green roofs, if designed correctly can reduce the energy use in builds and provide needed green space in dense urban places. Views of nature or green space from hospitals, homes, or other places people are recovering from medical conditions can shorten stays, lessen pain, reduce minor complications, and improve emotional well-being.¹³

Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown

 Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan

 Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment

 Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study

 Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- Mouston Climate Action Plan
- ▼ Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations









PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
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- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years Overall:

- $\bullet \mbox{Where possible hold water where it falls to reduce stress on the local stormwater infrastructure$
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of green roofs
- •Green roofs are heavy and should be considered for proposed buildings, retrofits can be expensive and time-consuming
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of green roofs and communications in the neighborhood
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include indigenous plant species and if there are views to the roof

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Incentives for Green Development, and Harris county incentives for water conservation

5+ years, Long Term:

 $\bullet Initiate \ water \ conservation \ projects \ where \ applicable \\$



3.2 VERTICAL GREEN

GREEN COLUMNS (FREEWAYS) I GREEN FACADES (BUILDINGS) I GREEN TRELLIS I GREEN WALLS I "GREEN FENCES" I PASSIVE COOLING FENCE

Description:

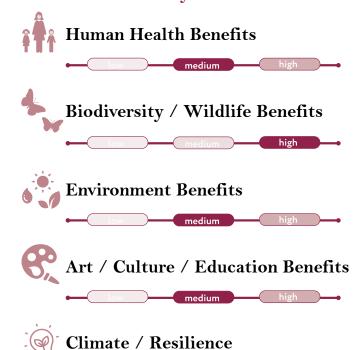
Vertical green systems incorporates plants on vertical surfaces such as freeway columns, walls, and fences. These systems can include both vegetation and soils, such as green walls, or structures that hold vegetation such as green facades or green trellises.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Vertical green systems can provide localized cooling of surfaces, with each species performing differently. Plant physiology and leaf area/shape should be considered when installing vertical green solutions. In addition, there are many vine species that are important host plants to butterflies in the region, such as passionflower (Passiflora sp.)

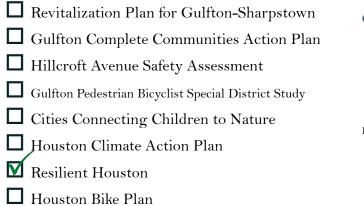
Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action





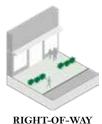


BUILDING ENVELOPE

Appropriate Locations



PARKS/VACANT LAND



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

Pairs well with these strategies:

• 1.1 Mobility Actions - Pedestrian

☐ Final Housing Study

- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems

☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan

☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green
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- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years Overall:

- •Maintenance is critical for the success of vertical green systems
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of vertical green systems
- •Determine if there are opportunities to include indigenous plant species and if vertical green systems can be coordinated with the creation of 'cool corridors'

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, refer to the City of Houston's Incentives for Green Development, and Harris county incentives for water conservation

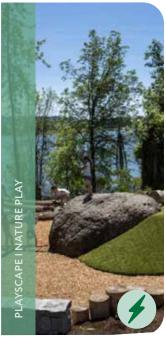
5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate water conservation projects where applicable









4.1 PARK

LINEAR PARK I GREEN CORRIDOR 'COOL CORRIDOR' I SPARK PARKS I PARKLET I PLAYSCAPE I NATURE **PLAY I SPORTS FIELDS**

Description:

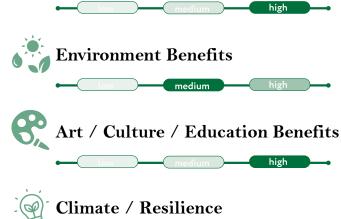
Parks are natural or semi-natural spaces set aside for recreation and enjoyment. Some parks include small areas, such as parklets, and some are narrow such as green corridors. Park design can also include space for playscapes, sports fields, walking loops, and nature areas.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Increasing the amount and quality of green space in urban settings can be a lower cost, holistic wellness strategy that addresses health inequalities and improve overall health outcomes by improving the physical and mental health of residents.14 New or improved park space should provide a diversity of natural and programmed area(s) for multiple generations to enjoy.

Potential Community Benefits:





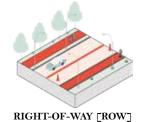
Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- M Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- ☑ Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- ☑ Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- Houston Climate Action Plan
- M Resilient Houston
- Mouston Bike Plan
- M Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations





BUILDING ENVELOPE



TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
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- 4.2 Garden
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- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Meet or exceed upgrades American Disabilities Act and tenets of Universal Design
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of park space
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

•Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of new and

- Initiate a Master Plan process for Burnett Bayland Park
- Identify school campuses or other civic area(s) that could serve as Spark Playground
- Determine if there are opportunities for linear parks, 'cool corridors' that can serve as public greenspace
- Identify other lands that could be utilized in future park development

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for new parks creations such as Texas Parks & Wildlife Local Parks Grant, other grant opportunities can be found on the Houston-Galveston Area Council's webpage: www.h-gac.com/parks-and-naturalareas/funding-opportunities

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate parks projects where applicable







4.2 GARDEN

CULTURAL GARDEN (MEDICINAL/SPIRITUAL) I POLLINATOR/WILDLIFE GARDEN I CONTAINER/PATIO GARDEN

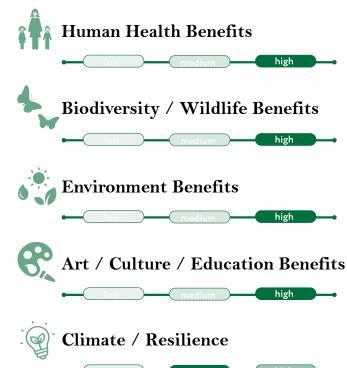
Description:

Gardens are spaces set aside for the growth and cultivation of plants and/or wildlife. Garden spaces have higher maintenance needs and rely on community stewards to tend to the area throughout the seasons.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Exposure to diverse plant species and types of pollen helps children develop normal immune responses.¹⁵ This can be achieved by planting a diverse mix of plant species in gardens. In addition, working in soil has been shown to boost immune function in child and adults.¹⁶

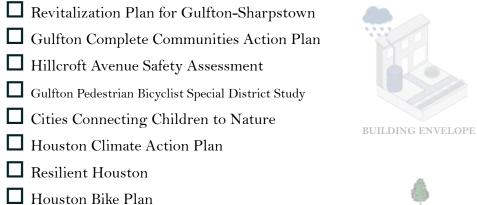
Potential Community Benefits:



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action



Appropriate Locations





RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING

ENVELOPE

PARKS/VACANT LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular

☐ Final Housing Study

- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems

☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan

☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

- 3.1 Green Roof
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- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

- •Maintenance is critical for the success of gardens
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

Overall:

•Based on the prioritized addition of new and improved park space

- Determine if there are opportunities to install gardens
- Identify school campuses or other civic area(s) that could serve as garden space
- Identify other lands that could be utilized in future garden development
- Consider private property as areas to pilot container and patio gardens
- Determine if reestablishing the community garden at Burnett Bayland Park is of interest to the community and integrate the idea in the Master Plan process

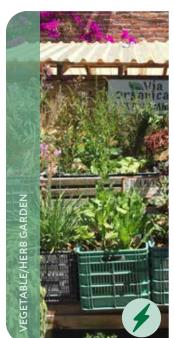
3-4 years, Mid-Term:

•Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects

•From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for new parks creations such as Texas Parks & Wildlife Local Parks Grant, other grant opportunities can be found on the Houston-Galveston Area Council's webpage: www.h-gac.com/parks-and-natural-areas/funding-opportunities

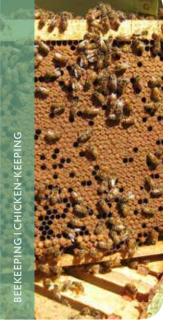
5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate garden projects where applicable









4.3 COMMUNITY AGRICULTURE

VEGETABLE/HERB GARDEN I COMMUNITY ORCHARD/FOOD FOREST I AQUACULTURE I BEEKEEPING I CHICKEN KEEPING

Description:

Community agriculture is small-scale farming, including cultivation of the soil for the growing of crops and the rearing of animals to provide food, fiber, and other products.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Community gardens provide stimulating social connections, produce nutritious food, and create opportunities for recreation, exercise, therapy, and education, thus helping improve overall health and nutrition. ¹⁷

Potential Community Benefits:











Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- M Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- ☑ Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- M Houston Climate Action Plan
- Resilient Houston
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- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations



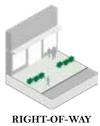




RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]



PARKS/VACANT LAND



T RIGHT-OF-WAY
TO BUILDING
ENVELOPE

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Štormwater Systems
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- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Service
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Action requires partners for maintenance and stewardship of community agriculture
- •Opportunities for programming and education should be considered along with community agriculture
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage
- Liisui

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the prioritized addition of new and improved park space
 - Determine if there are opportunities to install gardens
 - Identify school campuses or other civic area(s) that could serve as garden space
 - Identify other lands that could be utilized in future garden development
 - Consider private property as areas to pilot container and patio gardens

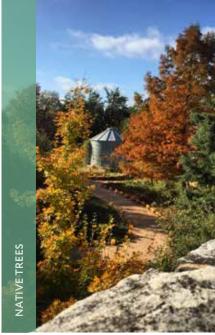
3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for new parks creations such as Texas Parks & Wildlife Local Parks Grant, other grant opportunities can be found on the Houston-Galveston Area Council's webpage: www.h-gac.com/parks-and-natural-areas/funding-opportunities

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate community agriculture projects where applicable







4.4 PLANT NURSERY

FRUIT/NUT TREES I NATIVE TREES I OTHER VEGETATION

Description:

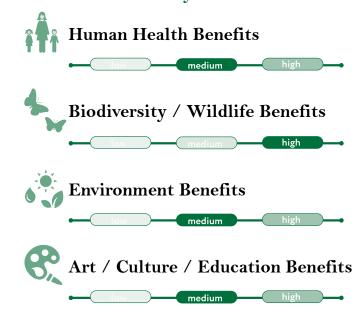
Plant nurseries are spaces where plants are propagated and grown either outside or covered. Typically, these plants are for gardening, agriculture, forestry, or landscaping and are sold to the general public or businesses.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Developing a local plant nursery can help to reduce supply issues within the nursery trade, and assure that vegetation is adapted to the local conditions. In addition, there are opportunities for training and education in the nursery practice enhancing green job development.

Potential Community Benefits:

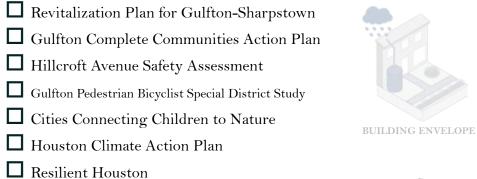


Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health

Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Climate / Resilience

Documents that Support the Action







LAND

Appropriate Locations



Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular

☐ Houston Bike Plan

☐ Final Housing Study

☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan

☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
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- 5.1 Gathering Spaces5.2 Community Services
- 5.2 Community Service
 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years Overall:

- •Action requires partners for maintenance and stewardship of plant nursery
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the prioritized addition of new and improved park space
 - Determine if there are opportunities to complement efforts with a plant nursery
 - Identify other lands that could be utilized in future plant nursery
 - Consider opportunities to combine plant nurseries with markets and other enterprising zones

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

•Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects

5+ years, Long Term:

 $\bullet\mbox{Initiate}$ a search for local nurseries interested in growing within the Houston area







4.5 HABITAT & WILDLIFE SUPPORT ACTIONS

TREE PLANTING I INDIGENOUS VEGETATION PLANTING

Description:

Habitat and wildlife support actions include planting trees and native vegetation to restore habitat and make more habitable spaces. This may include planting trees or installing vegetation along streets, in parking lots, around apartments and living areas, and in parks.

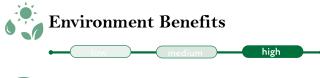
Integrating a Nature-based SolutionConsider this...

People in urban areas have a lower risk of psychological distress if they have more trees within a walkable distance of their homes. 18 The use of indigenous trees and vegetation have the added benefit of being adapted to the local conditions and providing habitat for wildlife.

Potential Community Benefits:









Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health
Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown
- Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- ☑ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- ☑ Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- Cities Connecting Children to Nature
- Mouston Climate Action Plan
- Resilient Houston
- Mouston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations









PARKS/VACANT LAND

RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green
- 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Establishment maintenance is critical for the success of trees and vegetation
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage
- .

1-2 years, Near-Term:

•Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of trees and indigenous vegetation

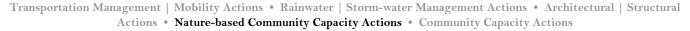
- Initiate an urban forestry plan to increase tree canopy in Gulfton
- Determine if there are opportunities for street trees as 'cool corridors' that can serve as public greenspace
- Identify other projects that could benefit from trees with the goal of planting 100 new trees by 2023 as recommended in the Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized projects
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for trees and vegetation through Trees for Houston and other groups

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate tree and vegetation installation where applicable











5.1 GATHERING SPACES

COURTYARD I PLAZA [PLACITA] I PICNIC AREA I MAILBOX AREA

Description:

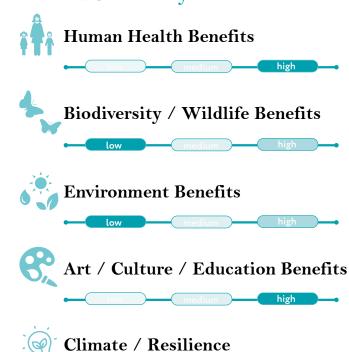
Gathering spaces are any public places where people are able to congregate and connect. These areas can be large or small, but support community cohesion which benefits mental health.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Tree cover in gathering spaces has been shown to improve social cohesion.¹⁹ Trees and urban nature, thus serve an important role in improving holistic population health in our cities.

Potential Community Benefits



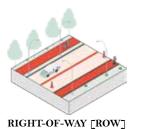
Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

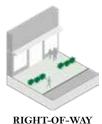
- Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown ☐ Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study ☐ Cities Connecting Children to Nature ☐ Houston Climate Action Plan ☐ Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations





PARKS/VACANT LAND



TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehicular
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof
- 3.2 Vertical Green
- 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.4 Plant Nursery
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Meet or exceed upgrades American Disabilities Act and tenets of Universal Design
- •Maintenance is critical for the success of gathering spaces
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

•Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of new

- Initiate the next phase of the Placita pilot project
- Identify other public and private lands that could be utilized in future gathering

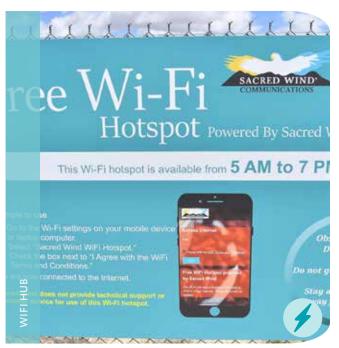
3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for the Placita pilot project including art grants that can support this effort and a preliminary build out
- •Initiate and install the Placita

5+ years, Long Term:

- •Evaluate the pilot project and determine other locations for the Placita
- •Based on pilot project results, work with Burnett Bayland Master Plan team to identify if a larger plaza can be planned in the park





5.2 COMMUNITY SERVICES

COMMUNITY RESOURCE CENTER I WIFI HUB

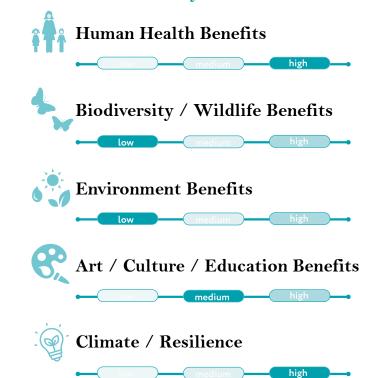
Description:

Community services provide assets in a neighborhood that helps meet certain needs for those around them. This can include shelter, wifi, legal services, training, critical resources during disaster scenarios, and other important resources.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

People in communities having strong social ties show greater resilience and ability to cope with change. Social events help prevent depression and physical social activities can support heart health.²⁰ Community services can increase the health related benefits of programs by providing green space for community members to meet.

Potential Community Benefits



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

M Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown ☐ Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment ☐ Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study ☐ Cities Connecting Children to Nature Houston Climate Action Plan **▼** Resilient Houston Houston Bike Plan



Appropriate Locations



BUILDING ENVELOPE

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]





PARKS/VACANT LAND

TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.2 Mobility Actions Vehic
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle

☐ Final Housing Study

• 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater

☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan

☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
- 3.1 Green Roof • 3.2 Vertical Green
- 4.1 Park

- 4.2 Garden
- 4.3 Community Agriculture
- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Meet or exceed upgrades American Disabilities Act and tenets of Universal Design
- •Consider multipurpose community assets that can shift and change to community needs
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

·Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of new or improved community services

- Consider access to the services and provided 'cooling corridors' for getting to asset
- Consider adding neighborhood resilient hubs spread throughout Gulfton, and consider piloting one hub in the neighborhood

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for community services and pilot a resilient hub

5+ years, Long Term:

- •Initiate the installation of the pilot resilient hub and evaluate the success
- •Determine if additional community services areas and hubs should be implemented









5.3 ENTERPRISE ZONE

ECO/BIO-INNOVATION I MAKERSPACES I PUBLIC MARKET/VENDOR SPACE, OPEN-AIR FLEA MARKET STALLS I CAREER PATHWAYS/GREEN JOB DEVELOPMENT

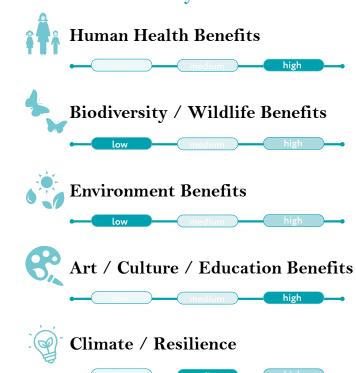
Description:

Enterprise zones are areas that are granted tax or regulatory incentives to encourage private economic development, job creation, and community cohesion.

Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Green job programs and training can provide multiple benefits to the community and the employee. Individuals participating in green jobs work in New York reported positive environmental attitudes and behaviors as a result of green job training and employment.²¹ It is important to emphasize that these programs can be difficult to initiate and steward, but there are many precedent examples of these programs working in certain contexts.

Potential Community Benefits



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

Revitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown M Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study ☐ Cities Connecting Children to Nature BUILDING ENVELOPE Houston Climate Action Plan **▼** Resilient Houston

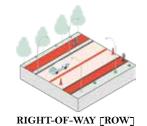


☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan ☐ Final Housing Study

Meighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations







PARKS/VACANT

LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
- 1.3 Mobility Actions Bicycle
- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
- 2.2 Linear Stormwater Systems
- 2.3 Bioretention Stormwater Systems
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- 4.5 Habitat & Wildlife Support Actions
- 5.1 Gathering Spaces
- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone • 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

•Ensure language access for enterprise zones

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition development of enterprise zones
 - Consider enterprising zones that require fewer barriers to involvement

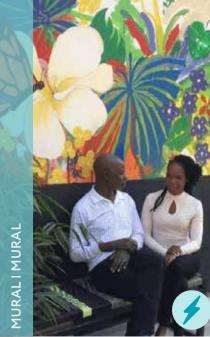
3-4 years, Mid-Term:

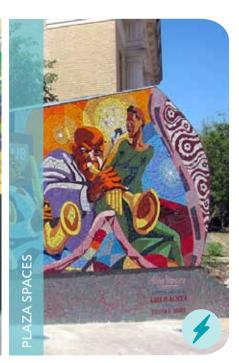
- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized enterprising projects
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for enterprising opportunities

5+ years, Long Term:

•Initiate green jobs or another enterprise opportunity in Gulfton







5.4 PUBLIC ART

SCULPTURE, MURALS, PLAZA SPACES

Description:

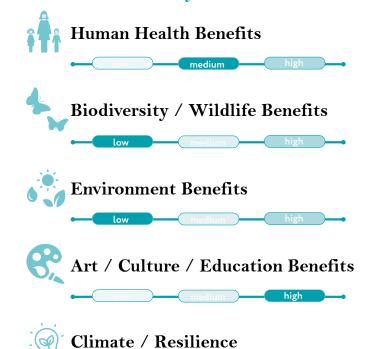
Public art is works made through the use of imagination and creative skills by artists in any form that is visually and physically accessible to the general public.



Integrating a Nature-based Solution Consider this...

Combining nature and public art can spark imagination, catalyze placemaking, stimulate spatial thinking, forge new connections about urban nature, and bring people together. Art has a way of breaking down barriers and meeting people where they are in life.

Potential Community Benefits



Benefits reviewed with Harris County Public Health Refer to Appendix for Strategy Cards in Arabic, and Spanish

Documents that Support the Action

- Mevitalization Plan for Gulfton-Sharpstown ☑ Gulfton Complete Communities Action Plan
- ☐ Hillcroft Avenue Safety Assessment
- Gulfton Pedestrian Bicyclist Special District Study
- ☐ Cities Connecting Children to Nature ☐ Houston Climate Action Plan
- **▼** Resilient Houston
- ☐ Houston Bike Plan
- ☐ Houston Vision Zero Action Plan
- ☐ Final Housing Study
- ☐ Neighborhood Manufacturing Study

Appropriate Locations







TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

PARKS/VACANT

LAND

Pairs well with these strategies:

- 1.1 Mobility Actions Pedestrian
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- 2.1 Non-Vegetated Stormwater Actions & Rainwater
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- 5.2 Community Services
- 5.3 Enterprise Zone
- 5.4 Public Art

Recommendations

Years

Overall:

- •Maintenance is critical for the success of public art
- •Ensure language access for any interpretive signage

1-2 years, Near-Term:

- •Based on the above relevant Gulfton planning documents, prioritize the addition of new public art spaces
 - Initiate the next phase of the Placita pilot project
 - Identify other public and private lands that could be utilized in future public art

3-4 years, Mid-Term:

- •Work with Gulfton area community-based organizations and leaders to support prioritized
- •From the prioritized projects, determine funding sources available for the Placita pilot project including art grant...
- •Initiate and install the Placita

5+ years, Long Term:

- •Evaluate the pilot project and determine other locations for the Placita
- Based on pilot project results, work to add other public art into the Gulfton Neighborhood





How Can We Support Our Non-Human Neighbors?

A More Wildlife-friendly Gulfton

Wildlife in urban areas face tremendous stress as we chop down trees, plant yards with exotic species, drain wetlands, install stormwater systems, erect buildings, and pave roads. However, against these major odds, non-human living organisms still persist in our cities. For long-term stability in the face of environmental fluctuations, broad-scale resistance to pests and pathogens, and the ability to continue to evolve, diversity in plant and animal populations is essential.22 This biodiversity creates a system that can actively adapt to changing climatic conditions, and has the ability to rebound after stress. Biodiversity is the variety and number of living things on Earth and includes all species, from the fungi living on the roots of a maple tree, to the owl that lives in its branches, to the tree itself. It includes diversity within species, between species, and among ecosystems. Just as species rely on each other for food and shelter, so do people rely on biodiversity for food, building materials, medicine, protection from the weather, and much more.

The Gulfton Super Neighborhood is situated in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Level IV Northern Humid Gulf Coastal Prairie Ecoregion.²³ This gently sloping coastal plain historically was mostly grassland with a few clusters of oaks and other woodland communities associated with waterways. In addition, the Houston region is also the focal point of one of the great bird migrations in North America, the Central Flyway, and a key corridor for the culturally-important monarch butterfly (Danaus plexippus). This migration route includes not only shorebirds, which can be observed in the hundreds of thousands at the Bolivar Flats, but birds of prey, songbirds, and hummingbirds. Also butterflies, moths, and bats rely on Texas as a key migration route. Natural areas provide important refuge, and replenishing areas for migratory species. Recognizing the important role Houston plays in these natural cycles, the city was recognized as a Bird City by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, and the city leadership signed the Mayors' Monarch Pledge with the National Wildlife Federation.

BIODIVERSITY: Naturebased projects incorporating Indigenous plant species bolster neighborhood beauty, provide a sense of place, and are more climate-resilient while supporting local wildlife. Vegetation that is adapted to site conditions, and climate, and chosen based on the design intent needs fewer resources and less maintenance to thrive. Selecting regionally appropriate vegetation can reduce mowing, conserve water, reduce soil erosion, reduce the use of fertilizers and pesticides, and ultimately save money allocated for landscape maintenance.

Data | Trends

- iNaturalist, a citizen science platform for collecting information about plant and animal species, was used to record different species in Gulfton. 852 observations were taken.
- There are not many 'natural areas' within Gulfton and thus vegetation observed is primarily street or yard trees, and yard or landscape understory and ground cover.
- In addition to vegetation, insects such as bees, butterflies, moths, slugs, and other invertebrates, different types of fungus, and a handful of birds were observed.
- Historically the coastal prairie covered 6.5 million acres in Texas, now less than one percent of these systems remain. 24
- Prairies may appear to be an endless monoculture of mid-to-tall grasses, but healthy prairie systems are biologically diverse and include a complicated web of organisms, from seasonal wildflowers, insects, birds, and small mammals.
- There are approximately 615 documented bird species in Texas and about half migrate, and through the course of a season millions of birds pass through the state.²⁵
- Migration for some species is a huge effort; the Ruby-throated Hummingbird (*Archilochus colubris*) flies nonstop over the Gulf of Mexico, about 600 miles of open water. ²⁶
- The Monarch Butterfly (Danaus plexippus) migration occurs in fall and spring when thousands of butterflies travel from the mountains of Mexico to their breeding grounds north of Texas.

Recommendations

- Vegetation is the easiest way to start increasing diversity in an area that can then support other organisms. There is a great opportunity to add to the plant diversity in this neighborhood. Refer to the table following this section for species recommendations for the neighborhood.
- Vegetation can be added to the area to increase green cover, even in dense urban environments. Vertical greening strategies could be considered in areas with limited spaces through green walls or green facades.
- Some migratory animal species do not need large expanses of natural areas to provide refuge and resources. For example, patches of flowering plants can provide nectar to butterflies, moths, and hummingbirds that may stop in for a recharge. Indigenous species can be selected to increase the habitat values and sense of place in Gulfton.
- Gulfton leaders and residents can design and develop natural habitat areas in the neighborhood by working to get certified with the National Wildlife Federation on an individual yard habitat and/or a community wildlife habitat.
- Gulfton residents can be involved in helping to keep water cleaner by taking action at their homes and around the neighborhood. The Bayou Preservation Association has ways to take action in your particular watershed.

























BIODIVERSITY: Houston, Texas is part of the National Wildlife Federation's (NWF) Community Wildlife Habitat™ Program. The NWF Community Wildlife Habitat™ program partners with cities, towns, counties, neighborhoods, and communities of all kinds to become healthier, greener, and more wildlife-friendly. Community Wildlife Habitats garden and landscaping with wildlife in mind, promoting the use of indigenous trees and plants, work to reduce or eliminate the use of pesticides and chemicals, and integrate wildlife-friendly practices into sustainability plans and park master plans.





A Planting Palette for a Greener Gulfton

*Key-- IS: Indigenous species ES: Edible species CS: Cultural species HN: Hardy natural

HABIT	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	HEIGHT	TYPE*	SOIL MOISTURE	LIGHT	WATER USE
	Anethum gravelones	Dill	3-5 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Capsicum annuum	Chili pepper	1-4 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Monarda citriodora	Lemon beebalm	1-3 ft	IS	DRY		
	Ocimum	Basils	1-3 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Oenothera speciosa	Pinkladies	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Phyla nodiflora	Frogfruits	0-1 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed susan	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Rudbeckia texana	Texas coneflower	3-6 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Salvia coccinea	Tropical sage	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Centaurea americana	American basket-flower	3-6 ft	IS	DRY		
	Eryngium yuccifolium	Rattlesnake master	3-6 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Chamaecrista fasciculata	Patridge pea	0-1 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Ratibida column	Prairie coneflower	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Helianthus angustifolius	Swamp sunflower	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST	00	
	Capsicum annuum	Texas chili pequin	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Lycopersicon esculentum	Patio tomatoes	2-3 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Silphium gracile	Slender rosinweed	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Iris virginica	Southern blue flag iris	3-6 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Liatris acidota	Sharp gayfeather	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Saururus cemuus	Lizard's tail	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST	••	
	Hymenocallis liriosme	Spring spider lily	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST	00	
	Origanum	Oregano	.575 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
_ m	Pontederia cordata	Pickerel plant	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST		
HERB	Sagittaria platyphylla	Delta arrowhead	1-3 ft	IS	MOIST	00	
I	Canna	Canna lilies	6-8 ft	CS	DRY - MOIST		
US	Agave americana	American century plant	6-12 ft	IS	DRY		
CACTUS	Hesperaloe parviflora	Red yucca	1-3 ft	HN	DRY		
CA	Opuntia	Pricklypears	.5-1 ft	CS	DRY		
	Asclepias curassavica	Tropical milkweed	3-4 ft	CS	MOIST		
	Bothriochloa laguroides	Silver bluestem	1-3 ft	IS	DRY		
SS	Schoenoplectus pungens	Three square rush	2-4 ft	IS	MOIST		
GRASS	Muhlenbergia capillaris	Gulf coast muhly	1-3 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
5	Schizachyrium scoparium	Little bluestem	3-6 ft	IS	DRY		

*Key-- IS: Indigenous species ES: Edible species CS: Cultural species HN: Hardy natural

HABIT	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	HEIGHT	TYPE*	SOIL MOISTURE	LIGHT	WATER USE
	Musa	Bananas	12-20 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Callicarpa americana	American beauty berry	3-6 ft	IS	MOIST	00	
	Ilex vomitoria	Yaupon holly	12-25 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	•••	
	Carica papaya	Papaya	6-20 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Carya ilinoinensis	Pecan	70-100 ft	IS	MOIST		
	Cercis canadensis	Eastern redbud	12-36 ft	IS	MOIST	•	
	Eriobotrya japonica	Loquat	10-25 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST	• •	
	Ficus carica	Common fig	10-20 ft	ES	MOIST	••	
	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green ash	36-72 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	••	
	Juniperus virginiana	Eastern redcedar	36-72 ft	IS	DRY		
	Magnolia grandiflora	Southern magnolia	50-75 ft	IS	DRY	•	
	Pinus taeda	Loblolly pine	72-100 ft	IS	DRY	•	
	Populus deltoides	Eastern cottonwood	12-36 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	••	
	Psidium guajava	Common guava	4-20 ft	ES	DRY - MOIST		
	Quercus falcata	Southern red oak	100-150 ft	IS	DRY	•	
	Quercus nigra	Water oak	72-100 ft	IS	MOIST	•	
	Quercus virginiana	Southern live oak	36-72 ft	IS	MOIST	••	
	Ulmus crassifolia	Cedar elm	36-72 ft	IS	MOIST	•••	
	Celtis laevigata	Sugar hackberry	36-72 ft	IS	DRY	•	
	Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore	36-72 ft	IS	MOIST	••	
	Cinnamomum camphora	Camphor tree	20-65 ft	HN	MOIST		
	Citrus x meyeri	Meyer lemon	6-10 ft	ES	DRY	••	
TREE	Citrus x sinensis	Navel orange	5-25 ft	ES	MOIST		
Ë	Citrus x paradisi 'Rio Red'	Red Rio grapefruit	10-15 ft	ES	MOIST		
	Campsis radicans	American trumpet vine	25-35 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Cissus trifoliata	Sorrelvine	12-36 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	•	
	Passiflora incamata	Passionflower vine	12-36 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	• •	
	Bignonia capreolata	Crossvine	36-72 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST	•••	
	Ipomoea cordatotriloba	Tievine	3-15 ft	IS	DRY - MOIST		
	Asclepias curassavica	Tropical milkweed	3-4 ft	CS	MOIST		
VINE	Bothriochloa laguroides	Silver bluestem	1-3 ft	IS	DRY		
=	Schoenoplectus pungens	Three square rush	2-4 ft	IS	MOIST		

How Do We Fund These Recommendations?

Many different approaches and financing types are available depending on the projects Gulfton organizations and citizens prioritize. Some of the more conventional financing strategies include options such as leveraging sales tax, developing a municipal management district, creating tax increment reinvestment zones (TIRZ), and utilizing grants such as the City of Houston's School Sidewalk Program and the SPARK Schoolyard Park Program. Some of the stronger park financing options for the Super neighborhood are outlined below in more detail and include these main categories:

	Parks, Recreation, Trails, and Nature Funding
	Mobility Improvement Funding
	Stormwater Management Funding
	Civic Space and Art in Public Place Funding
Chic ic	not an axhaustive list and programs may be sub

This is not an exhaustive list and programs may be subject to change depending on the current financial climate.

Local Park Grant Program: Urban Recreation (population >500,000)

Offered By: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD)

Eligible Entities: Local governments, river authorities, municipal utility districts (MUDs), other special districts

Total Program Funding: \$4,000,000

Community Outdoor Outreach Program (Co-Op)

Offered By: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD)

Eligible Entities: Non-traditional constituents to TPWD related outdoor recreation, conservation, and environmental education programs; local governments; tax exempt organizations

Total Program Funding: \$1,500,000

Recreational Trails Fund

Offered By: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD)

Eligible Entities: Local governments, river authorities, municipal utility districts (MUDs), other special districts, federal land managers, nonprofits

Total Program Funding: \$3,900,000

Parks, Recreation, Trails, Nature Mobility Improvement Stormwater Management Civic Space and Art in Public Place	ng					
Parks, Recreation, Trails, Nature Mobility Improveme Stormwater Managa Civic Space and Art Public Place			ent	ement	<u>.⊑</u>	
Parks, Recreati Trails, Nature Mobility Improv Stormwater Ma Civic Space and Public Place	I	on,	/eme	nag	Art	
	he		Mobility Improv	Stormwater Ma		

Stronger Region Offered By: Houston Endowment Eligible Entities: Harris County and its contiguous counties (Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller counties), nonprofits Total Program Funding: N/A	Parks, Recreation, Trails, Nature	Mobility Improvement	Stormwater Managem	Civic Space and Art in Public Place	
National Urban and Community Forestry Challenge Cost Share Program					
Offered By: USDA Forest Service Eligible Entities: Public schools, nonprofits, state and county governments, higher education institutes					
Total Program Funding: \$1,000,000					
Five Star and Urban Waters Restoration Grant Program					•••••
Offered By: National Fish and Wildlife Foundation					
Eligible Entities: Non-profit 501(c) organizations, state government agencies, local governments, municipal governments, Tribal Governments and Organizations and educational institutions.					
Total Program Funding: \$2,600,000					
SPARK School Park Program Offered By: SPARK School Park Program					
Eligible Entities: Schools					
Total Program Funding: N/A					
Shade Structure Grant Program					
Offered By: American Academy of Dermatology					
Eligible Entities: Public schools, nonprofits					
Total Program Funding: N/A					
Kaboom! Grants Program		•			
Offered By: Kaboom!					
Eligible Entities: City and county governments, schools, child serving nonprofits, particularly in the Houston area					
Total Program Funding: N/A	:				

Nonpoint Source Grant Program Offered By: Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board Eligible Entities: Nonprofits, state agencies, cities, counties, school districts, state universities, and special districts. Total Program Funding: N/A	Parks, Recreation, Trails, Nature	Mobility Improvement	Stormwater Management	Civic Space and Art in Public Place	
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program			:		
Offered By: Texas Division of Emergency Management (TDEM)		•	:		•
Eligible Entities: Local governments and communities, state agencies, and private non profits may act as sub applicants.					
Total Program Funding: \$1,500,000					
Clean Water State Revolving Fund		•			•
Offered By: Texas Water Development Board		• • • •			
Eligible Entities: Cities, counties, districts, river authorities, designated management agencies, authorized Indian tribal organizations, and public and private entities proposing nonpoint source or estuary management projects.					
Total Program Funding: \$250,000,000					
Pedestrian Accessibility Review Program					
Offered By: Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities (MOPD)		•			
Eligible Entities: Citizen with a disability or mobility impairment					
Total Program Funding: N/A					
Major Thoroughfare Program			:		
Offered By: Houston Public Works		• • • •	:		•
Eligible Entities: City of Houston residents			:		•
Total Program Funding: N/A					
Sidewalk Program			: : :		
Offered By: Houston Public Works		•			•
Eligible Entities: City of Houston residents			:		•
Total Program Funding: N/A	:	:	:	: :	:

Reconnecting Communities Pilot (RCP) Discretionary Grant Program Offered By: Department of Transportation Eligible Entities: State, unit of local government, Federally recognized Tribal government, Metropolitan Planning Organization, non-profit organization. Total Program Funding: \$195,000,000	Parks, Recreation, Trails, Nature	Mobility Improvement	Stormwater Managemer	Civic Space and Art in Public Place	
Our Town					•
Offered By: National Endowment for the Arts Eligible Entities: Partnership between a nonprofit organization and a local government entity, with one of the partners being a cultural organization.					
Total Program Funding: N/A					
Open Spaces Program Offered By: Kenneth Rainin Foundation Eligible Entities: Nonprofits collaborating with artists Total Program Funding: N/A					
Cultural District Grant Offered By: Texas Commission on the Arts Eligible Entities: Cities, counties. Total Program Funding: N/A					
City's Initiative Grant Program Offered By: Houston Arts Alliance Eligible Entities: City of Houston residents Total Program Funding: N/A					
Festival Program Offered By: Houston Arts Alliance Eligible Entities: Have a physical address in the city of Houston limits, SMU DataArt profile, must be tax-exempt under IRS Section 501(c)(3)					
Total Program Funding: up to \$10,000 Source(s): https://www.houstonartsalliance.com/funding-and-services/grant-opportunities					

	Parks, Recreation,	Trails, Nature	Mobility Improvement	Stormwater Management	Civic Space and Art in Public Place	
Let Creativity Happen Grant	s, Re	S S	lity	JWa'	Civic Space Public Place	
Offered By: Houston Arts Alliance	arks	rais	lobil	torn	ivic	
Eligible Entities: Have a physical address in the city of Houston limits, must be tax-exempt under IRS Section 501(c)(3)	Δ.	F	Σ	S	<u> </u>	
 Total Program Funding: \$N/A						
Our Town						
Offered By: National Endowment for the Arts		:				
Eligible Entities: Partnership between a nonprofit organization and a local government entity, with one of the partners being a cultural organization.						
 Total Program Funding: N/A						
Community Development Block Grants						
Offered By: Housing and Community Development Department						
Eligible Entities: Principal cities of Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), other metropolitan cities with populations of at least 50,000, qualified urban counties with populations of at least 200,000 (excluding the population of entitled cities), states and insular areas						
Total Program Funding: N/A						
Public Art Challenge Offered By: Bloomberg Philanthropies Eligible Entities: Mayor or chief official of a city Total Program Funding: \$1,000,000						
 AADD Community Challenge						
AARP Community Challenge Offered By: AARP Community Challenge		:				
Eligible Entities: 501(C)(3), 501(C)(4) and 501(c)(6) non profits, government entities						
Total Program Funding: \$3,400,000						
 Texas Travel Industry Recovery Program	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	!		• • • • • • •		
Offered By: Texas Economic Development						
Eligible Entities: Operate in the State of Texas, privately-owned for profit business or non-profit organization, business or organization in the eligible NAICS codes listed for the travel, tourism and hospitality industries (NAICS codes 71, 722, 7211, 7212, 5615, 561920, 312120, 312130, 312140)						
Tatal D., a., Francisco, Francisco, p. 400,000						

Total Program Funding: \$20,000





What can we do now?

'La Placita' Pilot Project

Introduction

The Green Ambassador Team and community members repeatedly expressed the desireto create nature-rich gathering spaces that are artful, biodiverse, and culturally-rich. These spaces should also help mitigate the accelerating impacts of urban heat and climate change. The 'La Placita' Pilot Project is a tangible demonstration of this intersected community vision.

What Can We Do Now?

'La Placita' Pilot Project

Gulfton's need to increase biodiversity and open space opportunities for its residents will require developing strategies at multiple scales. As stated in previous sections, these range from large street reconstruction projects to smaller interventions.

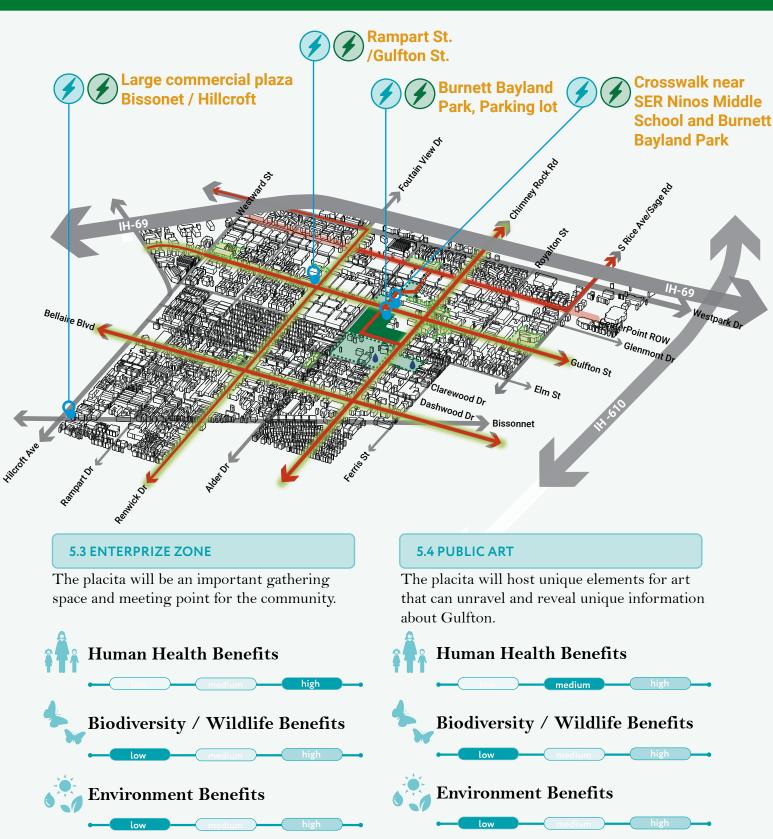
Since many of these strategies will take a number of years to implement, it is important to develop smaller, more tactical interventions in the short term. These interventions can provide opportunities for residents to enjoy the outdoor space while increasing social and nature access opportunities. As part of the public engagement process multiple strategies were presented from which providing social interaction opportunities was selected as one of the top priorities for a pilot project.

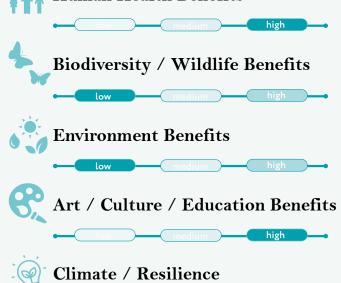
The pilot project developed brings the idea of a "Placita" (small plaza) that can be used by residents to socialize, enjoy nature and in some cases, promote economic development by supporting businesses such as food trucks or street vendors. The pilot project's conceptual design intends to create a semi-temporary installation that can be located at any location with a large pavement area such as a parking lot and can be moved to different locations as needed.

The Green Ambassador team was instrumental in identifying these locations for the pilot project, as well as suggesting areas of interest. The chosen locations below are split up into two categories, and can shift in their goals based on where they are installed.



Climate / Resilience









What Can We Do Now?

'La Placita' Pilot Project Details

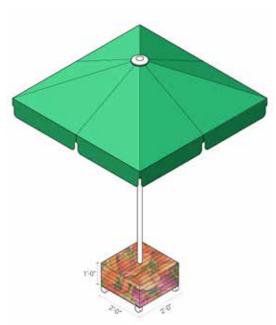
The pilot project consists of a simple modular system of planters and seating elements that can be arranged as needed to promote social gathering, planting, or even art interventions. The modular system selected is derived from the dimensions of a parking space so that it can be arranged within the limits of any surface parking area in Gulfton. The modules can be made out of wood and be movable with casters. Although location can be in any surface parking or large pavement area it is recommended to be located where there is already an established use such as a food truck or a street vendor, or even a school parking lot.

In addition to planting and seating, art is considered an important element to express the diversity of cultures in Gulfton, serve as an educational opportunity, or bring nature to the community in a more artistic way.

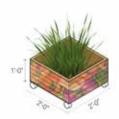
Other iterations of the module were done with local artists to bring dynamism to the space and additional artistic opportunities, see following pages.

Implementation Steps

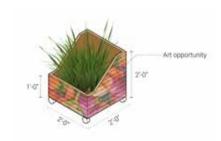
- Build modules in collaboration with UP Art Studio and local artists
- Select location in Gulfton and storage partner (school as a potential)
- Identify planting with assistance of TNC, the community or Ambassadors
- Plant modules at an event with the community



Shade Block



Planter Block

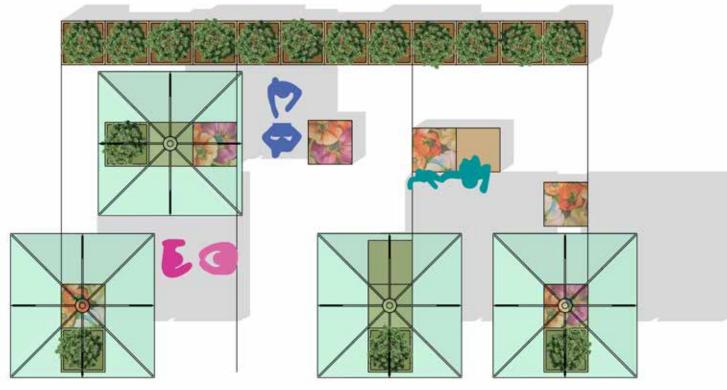


Planter Block-large



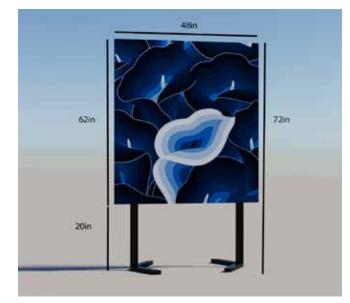
Planter Block Section





'La Placita' Pilot Project Process

These preliminary pilot project renderings (shown on the previous two pages) were shared with UP Art Studio and developed further. These renderings are shown here. The art in the current renderings is a placeholder for the final artwork, which will be finalized with community stakeholder input. As part of the implementation process, UP Art Studio will present two or more artwork concepts to be considered. Each of these concepts will be tailored around different themes that arose from the Greener Gulfton plan such as plants native to Houston and Gulfton, the diverse cultures of the residents of Gulfton, honoring the indigenous ancestors before us, climate impact, urban heat, etc.



Source: UP Art Studio's process rendering



Source: UP Art Studio's process rendering

Seating block has a trapezoidal shape and a sitting height. It could incorporate a simple bluetooth speaker system, to play relaxing natural sounds, a narrative, or just music depending on the pop ups event.

Planter block, like the seating block it has a trapezoidal shape and the same height.

Tower planter is square and taller (43in). It is fitted with a pipe in its center to allows the insertion of a pole or an umbrella.

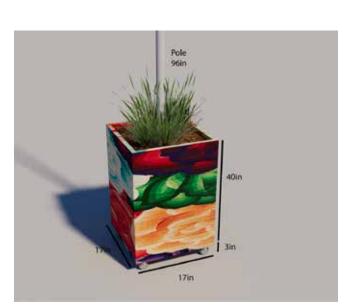
Recycle planter combines a recycle trash and a planter on top. It has the same dimensions as the tower planter

Panels can display information or artwork. Their placement impacts the flow of visitors, their safety (separation with the road) as well as the shade they provide to sitting block on its other side or at proximity.

Poles are necessary to have a shading structure covering the whole booth. Without the main shading structure, they could be fitted with flags to attract attention, banners or lights between poles, or they could be replaced by umbrellas.

Shading structure (tarp) creates maximum shade over the booth. It would be decorated with artwork and hanging off 3 or 4 poles. For added practicality and flexibility it would be best two have identical triangular tarp to cover a rectangular area, instead of a single twice larger and twice heavier rectangular tarp.

Vegetation suggested for the pilot project is a reflection of the ecoregion including indigenous species that support and host pollinators that either live in the area permanently or migrate through.



Source: UP Art Studio's process rendering







Source: UP Art Studio's process renderings





Source: UP Art Studio's process renderings

Endnotes

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- 2 ACS 5-year Estimate 2015-2019
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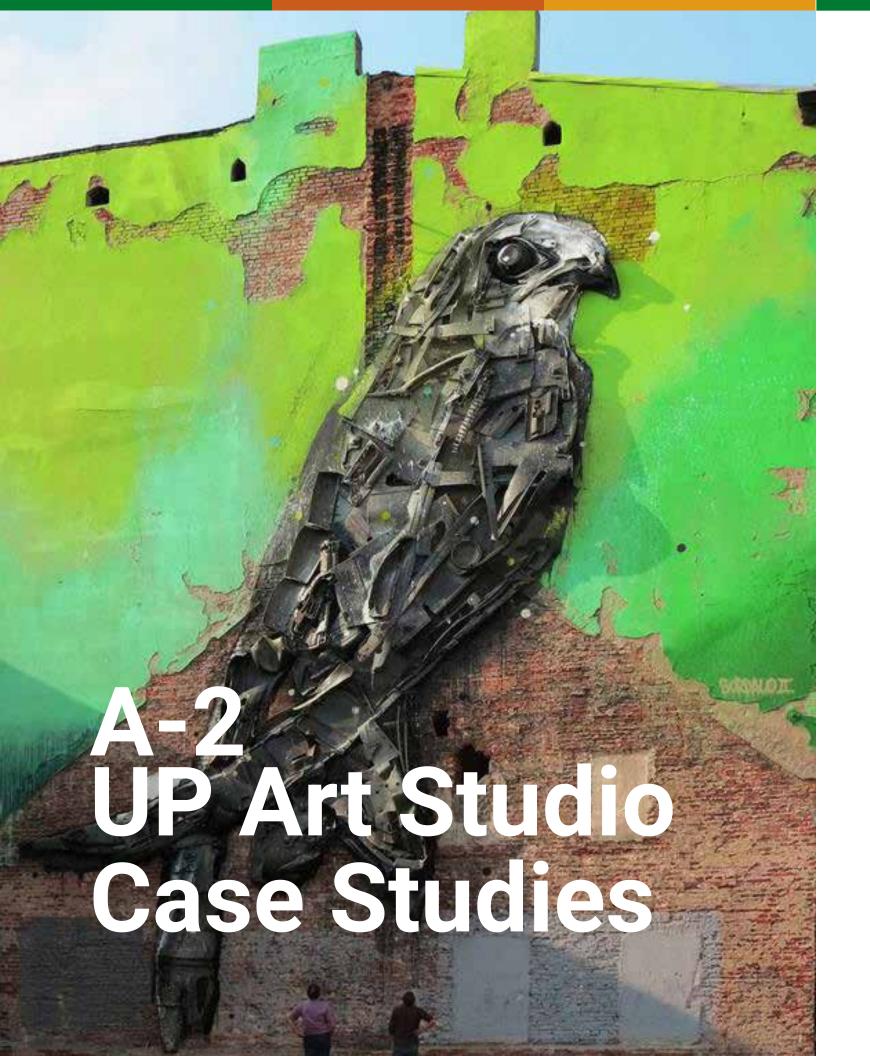
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July 2022 Final Report



UP Art Studio Case Studies
Boards Used for Engagement
Action Strategy Cards

-English, Spanish & Arabic









Case Studies



"Conservation Conversation Corners"

DESCRIPTION

Greenpop—a social and environmental NGO working across sub-Saharan Africa—was recently funded by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization-International Fund for the Promotion of Culture (UNESCO-IFPC) to undertake their dream of an art and environment project aptly coined, "Conservation Conversation Corners". Here, disused public corners in two African cities—Livingstone, Zambia and Johannesburg, South Africa—were transformed using public participation, mural art, public seating, sculpture and indigenous plants—into spaces of connection and of conversation around the incredible biodiversity that makes each city so unique and special.

SOURCE

The Nature of Public Art: Connecting People to People and People to Nature Source: https://www.thenatureofcities.com/2018/03/08/nature-public-art-connecting-people-people-people-people-nature/



The final Livingstone Trees for Bees mural and up-cycled tree sculpture



Mural closeup



Child creating a heron between the graffiti.



Tree Sculpture from recycled materials

"Торо Мар"

DESCRIPTION

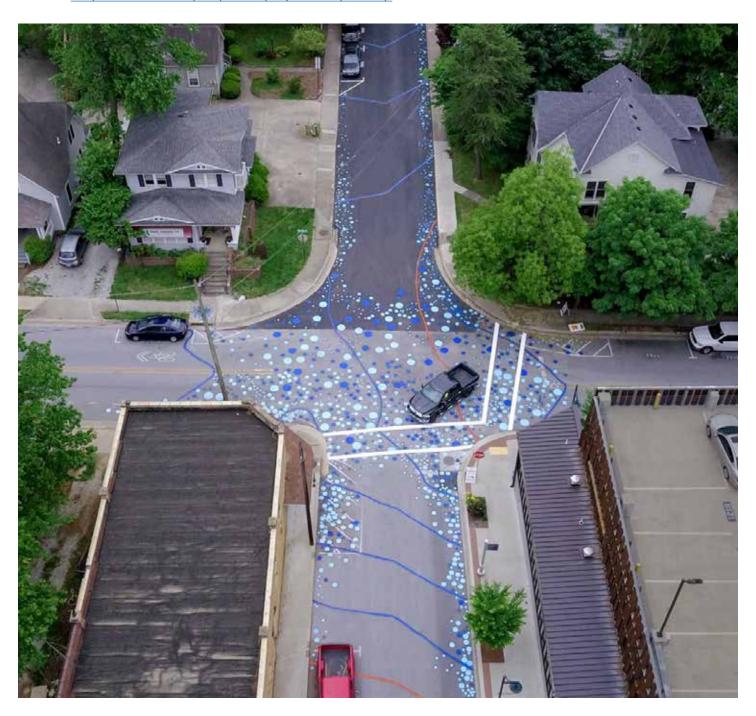
Topo Map tells an ecological story directly on the pavement of Fayetteville's busy School Avenue. Rendered in vivid blue and orange lines, this life-size topographical map runs across the avenue and highlights the often-overlooked presence of urban nature.

The long, steep climb between two of Fayetteville's most important cultural institutions, the award-winning Fayetteville Public Library and the Walton Arts Center, is enlivened by a three-block-long lesson in ecological literacy.

SOURCE

Stacy Levy

Source: https://www.stacylevy.com/projects/topo-map



"Passage of Rain"

DESCRIPTION

Passage of Rain traces a path of rain and runoff along a half mile stretch from the street down in the storm drains to the final destination of Irwin Creek. This project creates a full scale planting plan for the buffer zone along a daylighted portion of the creek. Each stake is color coded to correspond to different native plants, which will prevent the stream banks from erosion. After the initial installation, the stakes were replaced with native shrubs, planted according to their respective color. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services did the planting as part of their stream buffer initiative.

SOURCE

Okuplaza - Pavement to Plaza in Santiago

Source: https://www.stacylevy.com/projects/passage-of-rain









"Pavement to Plaza"

DESCRIPTION

The first "pavement to plaza" project in Santiago turned an informal parking lot to a people-friendly plaza. The idea for the pop-up plaza was inspired by the closure of San Diego Street (a major arterial road that crosses the city) due to the development of new subway lines into the downtown core. Once the road was closed this past summer, people started using the vacant space as a parking lot. This prompted a collaboration between many stakeholders to reclaim the space for people in the area to sit, stay and enjoy. The result was Okuplaza, born from a mix of upcycled materials, a few coats of paint and a lot of elbow grease. The plaza was completed in a 12 hour period with the help of 300+ students from Universidad del Desarrollo School of Architecture.

SOURCE

Okuplaza - Pavement to Plaza in Santiago

Source: https://www.morethangreen.es/en/pavement-to-plaza-in-chile/



"Big Trash Animals"

DESCRIPTION

Artur Bordalo, known as Bordallo II (Segundo), was born in 1987 in Lisbon. He paints his own interpretations of city landscapes in a fresh, lively, and movement-filled take. Strongly connected with the idea of ecology and recycling. He creates, processes, collects, and develops ideas which make use of materials the life cycle of which has ended, trash and other recyclable products, at the same time trying to increase social awareness and leave the ecological balance undisturbed. The artistic use of trash is also a type of criticism of the world which we have come to live in, as the artist is making a world in which things once precious and important quickly turn into rubbish. Bordalo II never buys materials for his projects but obtains them by looking though junkyards and garbage dumps. The international project "Big Trash Animals" is a collection of installations placed, among others, on the walls of Lisbon, Barcelona, Dresden, Hamburg and Tallinn, presenting enormous images of animals created from waste, which is supposed to turn the viewer's attention towards the issue of waste and contamination of the environment.

The mural in Łódź, "The Swift"/Apus Apus, came into being at the turn of August and September 2015 during the City Energy Festival (which was a continuation of the Urban Forms Gallery Festival). It is the first installation in the series called "Big Trash Animals" in Eastern and Central Europe.

SOURCE BORDALO II

Source: https://www.urbanforms.org/foundation/artists/bordalo-ii-en-gb/







Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature



Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature NATURE THEME MURALS





Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature TREES AS "NATURAL HAIR"













Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature DRAIN ART





Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature CROSSWALKS / STREETS









Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature TACTICAL URBANISM





Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature TACTICAL URBANISM





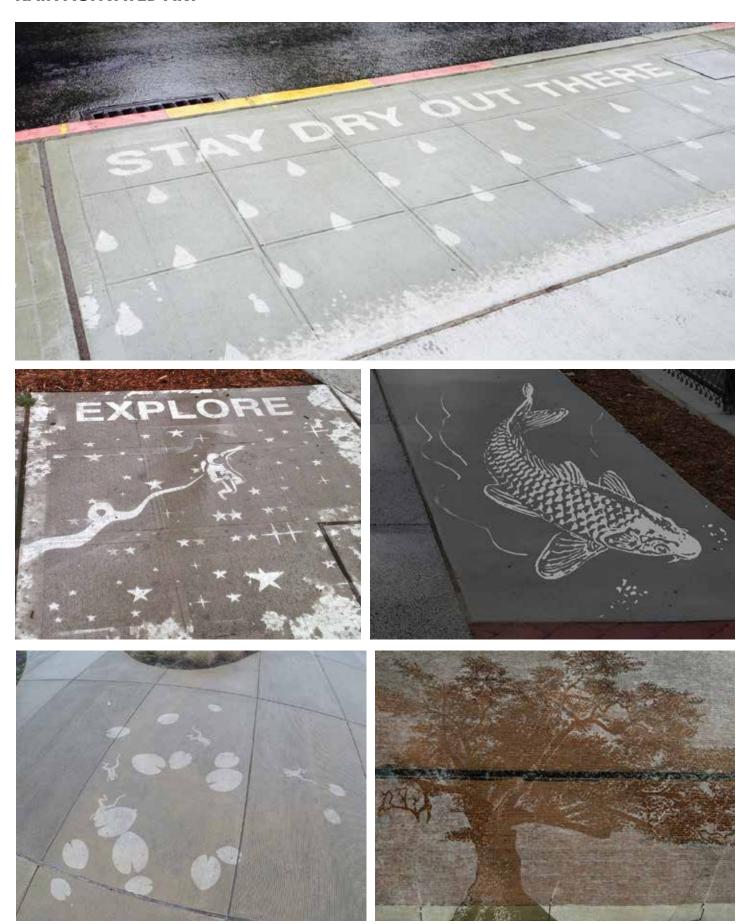








Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature RAIN ACTIVATED ART



Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature REVERSE GRAFFITI





Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature ENVIRONMENTAL ART







Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature FRAMES















Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature FRAMES





Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature LARGE SCULPTURES







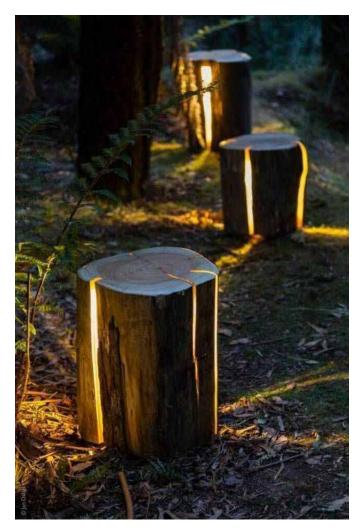




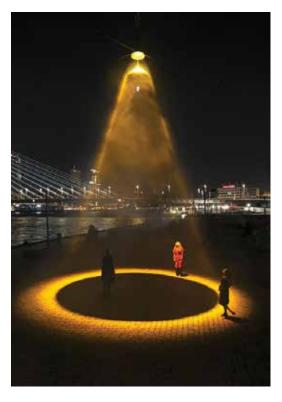




Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature LIGHTING











Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature PORTALS



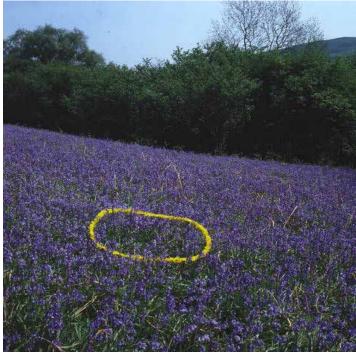






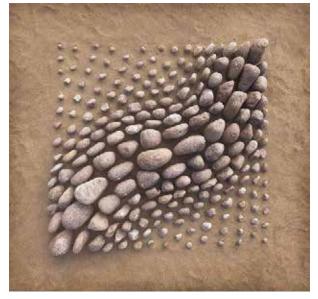
Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature ART WITH FLOWERS







Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature NATURAL MATERIALS











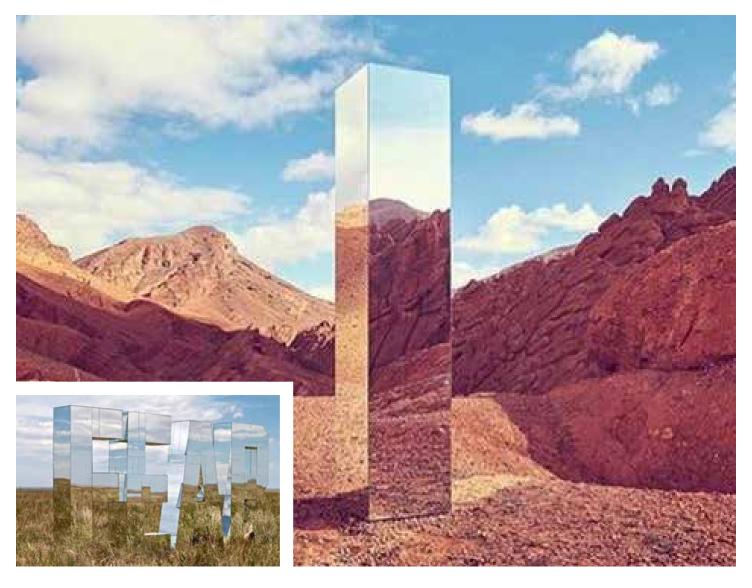




Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature NATURAL MATERIALS FLOATING



Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature MIRRORS

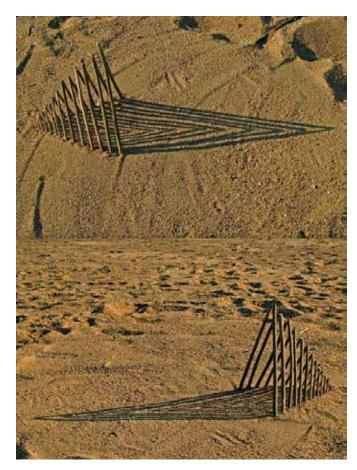




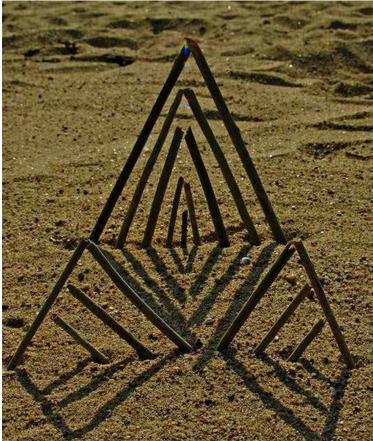


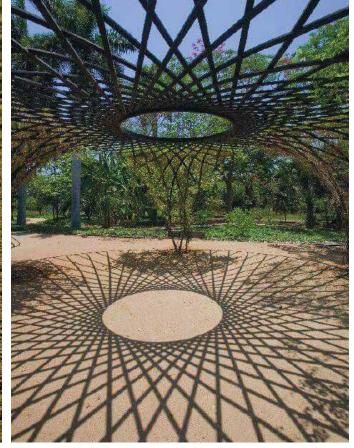


Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature SHADOWS









Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature SEATING



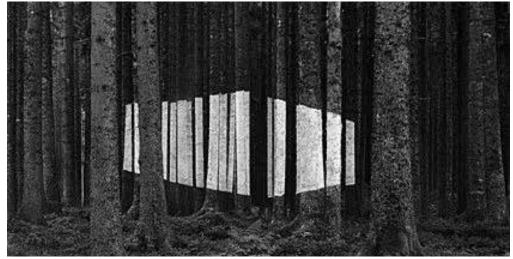


Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature PLAY WITH TREES





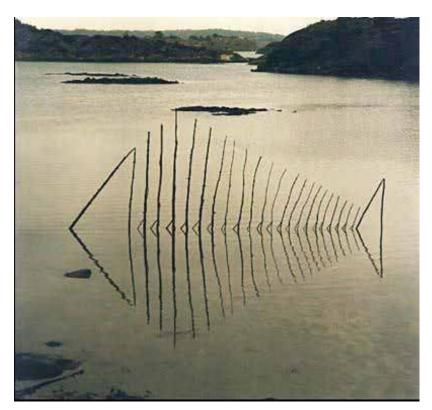








Visual Idea Book: Art and Nature REFLECTIONS





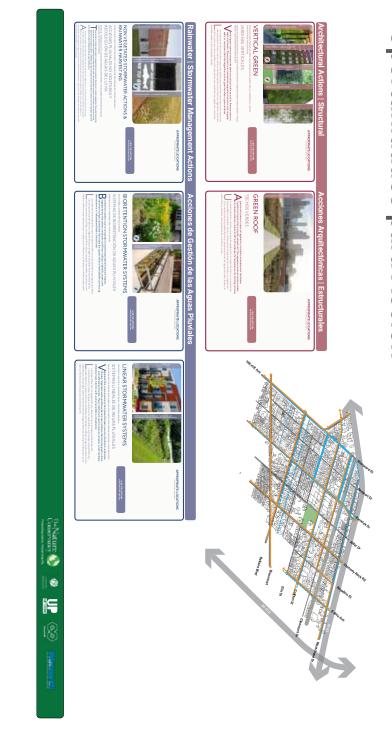














A Greener Gulfton for Nature, Health, and Resilience

July 2022 Final Report





Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano















TE) CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

ny action taken to improve the pedestrian environment within the public Right-of-Way. Improvements made to pedestrian spaces can make them more accessible, comfortable,

SENDEROS I ADICIÓN/MEJORA DE ACERAS

IMPROVEMENT I SIDEWALKS ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT

PROTECTED CROSSINGS I MEDIAN ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I SHARED USE PATH OR TRAIL ADDITION/

CRUCES PROTEGIDOS I ADICIÓN/MEJORA DEL CAMELLÓN I ADICIÓN/MEJORA DE CAMINOS DE USO COMPARTIDO O

ACCIONES DE MOVILIDAD - PEATONAL

³ ualquier acción realizada para mejorar el entorno peatonal dentro del derecho de and safe, which encourages more of their use.

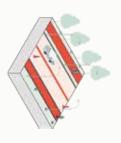
accesibles, cómodos y seguros, lo que fomenta su uso.

paso público. Las mejoras realizadas en los espacios peatonales pueden hacerlos más





APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW]

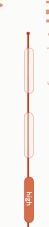






فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS فوائد صحة الإنسان











improvement i sidewalks addition/improvement إجراءات التنقل – المشاة

PROTECTED CROSSINGS I MEDIAN ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I SHARED USE PATH OR TRAIL ADDITION/

MOBILITY ACTIONS - PEDESTRIAN

معابر محمية | اضافه /تحسين الفاصل اللأوسط | اضافه /تحسين طريق الاستخدام المشترك او ممر المشاة | اضافه /تحسين الأرصفة





CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

لتكيف المناخي/ إحتمالية بناء المرونة امكانية



Improvements made to pedestrian spaces can make them more accessible, comfortable, ny action taken to improve the pedestrian environment within the public Right-of-Way.

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة



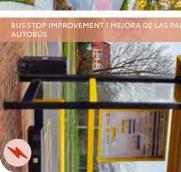
RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW] حق الطريق











Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano WELLNESS BENEFITS **HUMAN HEALTH &**





BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS







ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







a comfortable environment for pedestrians, cyclists, and transit users. especially improvements that support multiple mobility uses. Road diets, improvements ny action taken to improve the vehicular environment within the public Right-of-Way, made to street intersections and bus stops can improve safety for all users while creating.

DIETA O CIERRE DE CARRETERA I MEJORA DE LA INTERSECCIÓN DE CALLES I MEJORA DE LAS PARADAS DE AUTOBÚS

ROADWAY DIET OR CLOSURE I STREET INTERSECTIN IMPROVEMENT I BUS STOP IMPROVEMENT

MOBILITY ACTIONS - VEHICULAR

ACCIONES DE MOVILIDAD - VEHICULAR

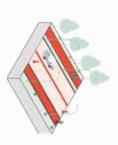
cómodo para los peatones, los ciclistas y los usuarios del transporte público autobús pueden mejorar la seguridad de todos los usuarios y crear al mismo tiempo un entorno ³ ualquier acción realizada para mejorar el entorno vehicular dentro del derecho de paso de carretera, las mejoras realizadas en las intersecciones de las calles y las paradas de público, especialmente las mejoras que apoyan los usos de movilidad múltiple. Las dietas

CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

all of



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW]











APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









التكيف المناخي/ إحتمالية بناء المرونة امكانية

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW] حق الطريق

MOBILITY ACTIONS - VEHICULAR

ROADWAY DIET OR CLOSURE I STREET INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT I BUS STOP IMPROVEMENT

إجراءات التنقل - المركبات

تقليص الطريق أو الإغلاق | تحسين تقاطع الشارع | تحسين موقف الباص

a comfortable environment for pedestrians, cyclists, and transit users. ny action taken to improve the vehicular environment within the public Right-of-Way, Imade to street intersections and bus stops can improve safety for all users while creating especially improvements that support multiple mobility uses. Road diets, improvements

ي إجراء يتم اتخاذه لتحسين بيئة المركبات داخل حق الطريق العام وخاصة التحسينات التي تدعم استخدامات التنقل المتعددة. يمكن للأنظمة تقليل طرق القيادة والتحسينات التي تم إجراؤها على تقاطعات الشوارع ومحطات الباصات أن تحسن السلامة لجميع المستخدمين مع خلق بيئة مريحة للمشاة وراكبي الدراجات ومستخدمي النقل











MOBILITY ACTIONS - BICYCLE

TRAIL ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT BIKE LANES ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I COVERED/LOCKED BIKE PARKING I BIKE RACKS I SHARED USE PATH OR

ACCIONES DE MOVILIDAD - CICLISTA

ADICIÓN/MEJORA DE CICLOVÍAS I ESTACIONAMIENTO CUBIERTO/CON LLAVE PARA BICICLETAS I APARCABICICLETAS I ADICIÓN/MEJORA DE CAMINOS DE USO COMPARTIDO O SENDEROS

encourage more cycling by creating a safer and more comfortable environment. lacktriangle for the use of bicyclists. Adding or improving bike lanes, paths, and bicycling amenities can ny action taken to improve the bicycle environment within the public Right-of-Way. Bike lanes are portions of roadways that have been designated by striping, signage, and pavement markings

entorno mas seguro y comodo. ciclovías, los caminos y los servicios para ciclistas puede fomentar el uso de la bicicleta al crear un 🕨 franjas, señalización y marcas en el pavimento para el uso de los ciclistas. Añadir o mejorar ≀ualquier acción realizada para mejorar el entorno de la bicicleta dentro del derecho de paso público. Las ciclovías son porciones de las carreteras que han sido designadas por medio de

WELLNESS BENEFITS **HUMAN HEALTH &**

Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano













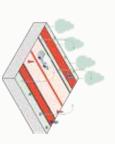




ale) CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW]









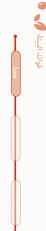
فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







إجراءات التنقل - الدراجة

TRAIL ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT

BIKE LANES ADDITION/IMPROVEMENT I COVERED/LOCKED BIKE PARKING I BIKE RACKS I SHARED USE PATH OR

MOBILITY ACTIONS - BICYCLE

إضافة / تحسين حارات الدراجة | موقف دراجة مغطى / مغلق | حوامل الدراجات | إضافة / تحسين مسار الاستخدام المشترك أو الممشى

all of CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL لتكيف المناخي/ إحتمالية بناء المرونة امكانية

environment. أي إجراء يتم اتخاذه لتحسين بيئة الدراجات في حق الطريق العام. ممرات الدراجات هي أجزاء من الطرق التي تم تحديدها بواسطة

خطوط وعلامات وعلامات الرصيف لاستخدام راكبي الدراجات. يمكن أن تؤدي إضافة أو تحسين ممرات الدراجات والمسارات ووسائل راحة

.ركوب الدراجات إلى تشجيع المزيد من ركوب الدراجات من خلال خلق بيئة أكثر أمانًا وراحة

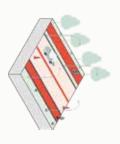
and bicycling amenities can encourage more cycling by creating a safer and more comfortable

, Bike lanes are portions of roadways that have been designated by striping, signage, and pavement markings for the use of bicyclists. Adding or improving bike lanes, paths,

ny action taken to improve the bicycle environment within the public Right-of-Way.

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW] حق الطريق











Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano **WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &**

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

Beneficios para la salud humana













•

ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







PLUVIALES I PAVIMENTO POROSO hese actions include stormwater management improvements that do not include vegetation. Rainwater harvesting are passive methods of gathering rainwater either with a container (like a cistern or tank) for future use or using pavement that allows water to infiltrate into the soil below. Stormwater drain markers are warning signs placed at

CISTERNA I TANQUE DE LLUVIA I ALMACENAMIENTO SUBTERRÂNEO I MARCADORES DE DESAGÜE DE AGUAS

RECOLECCIÓN DE AGUAS DE LLUVIA

ACCIONES PLUVIALES NO VEGETADAS Y

CISTERN I RAIN TANK I POROUS PAVEMENT I STORMWATER DRAIN MARKERS I POROUS PAVEMENT

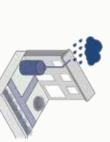
NON VEGETATED STORMWATER ACTIONS & RAINWATER HARVESTING

storm drains to deter deliberate dumping of pollutants. 🕨 o utilizando un pavimento que permita que el agua se infiltre en el suelo de abajo. Los marcadores de desagüe de pasivos para recolectar el agua de lluvia, ya sea con un recipiente (como una cisterna o un tanque) para su uso futuro cciones de aguas pluviales o de lluvia que no incluyen la vegetación. La recolección de aguas de lluvia son métodos

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]

DERECHO DE PASO

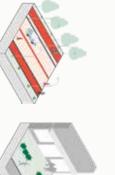
BUILDING ENVELOPE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO



BUILDING ENVELOPE
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR







DERECHO DE PASO A CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR











WELLNESS BENEFITS فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

HUMAN HEALTH &

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

LANDSCAPE TYPES



















ART/CULTURE/EDUCATION فنون / ثقاقة / تعليم

CISTERN I RAIN TANK I POROUS PAVEMENT I STORMWATER DRAIN MARKERS I POROUS PAVEMENT

RAINWATER HARVESTING

NON VEGETATED STORMWATER ACTIONS &

اجراءت مياه امطار غير نباتية و حصاد مياه المطر

صهريج | خزان المطر | التخزين تحت الأرض |علامات تصريف مياه الأمطار | رَصِيف مَسَالَمُ



ale) التكيف المناخي/ إحتمالية بناء المرونة امكانية

pollutants. Stormwater drain markers are warning signs placed at storm drains to deter deliberate dumping of cistern or tank) for future use or using pavement that allows water to infiltrate into the soil below. Rainwater harvesting are passive methods of gathering rainwater either with a container (like a hese actions include stormwater management improvements that do not include vegetation.

أو الخزان) للاستخدام المستقبلي أو باستخدام الرصيف الذي يسمح للماء بالتسرب إلى التربة أدناه. علامات تصريف مياه الأمطار هي علامات تحذيرية 🕰 ياه الأمطار أو مياه الأمطار التي لا تشمل الغطاء النباتي. يعد حصاد مياه الأمطار طرفًا سلبية لتجميع مياه الأمطار إما باستخدام حاوية (مثل الخزان نوضع في مصارف مياه الأمطار لردع إغراق الملوثات بشكل متع



















Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS







ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS











BUILDING ENVELOPE TRANSLATION



PARKS/VACANT LAND
PARQUES / TERRENOS



LINEAR STORMWATER SYSTEMS

VEGETATED FILTER STRIP I VEGETATED SWALE I VEGETATED BIOSWALE

SISTEMAS LINEALES DE AGUAS PLUVIALES

FRANJA FILTRANTE CON VEGETACIÓN I BARRANCO CON VEGETACIÓN I DRENAJE SOSTENIBLE CON VEGETACIÓN

infiltration back into the earth, and remove debris and pollution. and infiltrate stormwater. These methods are used to capture rainwater runoff, facilitate of water. Vegetated swales and bioswales are open, shallow channels designed to direct egetated filter strips are areas of land placed between sources of pollution and bodies

métodos se utilizan para captar la escorrentía de las aguas de lluvia, facilitar la infiltración en la tierra y eliminar los residuos y la contaminación. ■canales abiertos y poco profundos diseñados para dirigir e infiltrar las aguas pluviales. Estos contaminación y masas de agua. Los barrancos vegetados y los drenajes sostenibles son as franjas filtrantes con vegetación son áreas de tierra situadas entre fuentes de

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



BUILDING ENVELOPE

DERECHO DE PASO A

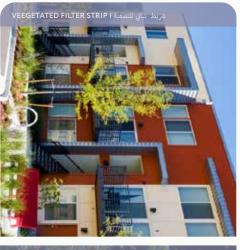
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR RIGHT-OF-WAY TO

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO











فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية













ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







أنظمة مياه الفيضانات الخطية

شريط نباتي للتصفية | منطقة منبتة منخفضة | تنب

infiltration back into the earth, and remove debris and pollution.

and infiltrate stormwater. These methods are used to capture rainwater runoff, facilitate regetated filter strips are areas of land placed between sources of pollution and bodies of water. Vegetated swales and bioswales are open, shallow channels designed to direct

شرائح الترشيح النباتية عبارة عن مناطق من الأرض موضوعة بن مصادر التلوث والمسطحات المائية. المستنقعات النباتية والأحواض الحيوية هي عبارة عن قنوات ضحلة مفتوحة ومصممة لتوجيه مياه العواصف وتسللها. تُستخدم هذه الطرق لالتقاط جريان مياه الأمطار وتسهيل

التسلل مرة أخرى إلى الأرض وإزالة التلوث و الرواسـ

VEGETATED FILTER STRIP I VEGETATED SWALE I VEGETATED BIOSWALE

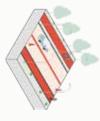
LINEAR STORMWATER SYSTEMS

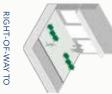


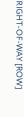


APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS الموقع/المواقع المناسبة









حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE







BUILDING ENVELOPE

























ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









SISTEMAS DE BIORRETENCIÓN DE AGUAS PLUVIALES

BIORETENTION STORMWATER SYSTEMS

JARDÍN DE LLUVIA I JARDINERA PARA AGUAS PLUVIALES

ioretention systems, such as rain gardens or stormwater planter boxes are shallow,

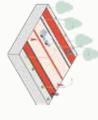
other hard surfaces. Stormwater that enters the system either is filtered before continuing vegetated areas that collect and absorb runoff from rooftops, sidewalks, streets, and RAIN GARDEN I STORMWATER PLANTER BOX





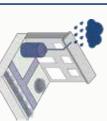
APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR BUILDING ENVELOPE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW]



BUILDING ENVELOPE
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARQUES / TERRENOS PARKS/VACANT LAND **BALDÍOS**



sistema se filtran antes de continuar río abajo o se infiltran y se retienen en el lecho del suelo

■techos, las aceras, las calles y otras superficies duras. Las aguas pluviales que entran en el

os sistemas de bioretención, como los jardines de lluvia o las jardineras para aguas pluviales, son zonas poco profundas con vegetación que recogen y absorben la escorrentia de los

downstream or is infiltrated and held in the soil bed.









فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية















فوائد البيئة

ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL التكف للناخي/ إحتمالية بناء المرونة امكانية



downstream or is infiltrated and held in the soil bed.

نظمة الاحتباس البيولوجي مثل حدائق المطر أو صناديق زراعة مياه الأمطار هي مناطق نباتية ضحلة تجمع وتمتص الجريان السطحي من

أسطح المنازل والأرصفة والشوارع والأسطح الصلبة الأخرى. مياه العواصف التي تدخل النظام إما يتم تصفيتها قبل الاستمرار في اتجاه مجرى

النهر أو يتم اختراقها والاحتفاظ بها في قاع التربة.

لحدائق المطيرة | صندوق زراعة مياه الأمطا

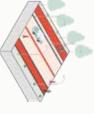
ioretention systems, such as rain gardens or stormwater planter boxes are shallow,

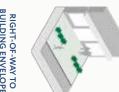
other hard surfaces. Stormwater that enters the system either is filtered before continuing vegetated areas that collect and absorb runoff from rooftops, sidewalks, streets, and نظام احتفاظ حيوي هياه الفيضانات

RAIN GARDEN I STORMWATER PLANTER BOX

BIORETENTION STORMWATER SYSTEMS

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS الموقع/المواقع المناسبة





RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]

RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE



حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



BUILDING ENVELOPE

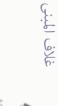


PARKS/VACANT LAND

منتزهات/أرض شاغرة









GREEN ROOF

TECHOS VERDES

home. stormwater pollution, reduce runoff, and moderate the temperature of a building or installed on top of a flat or slightly-sloped roof. The vegetation and soil media can filter green roof system is a layer of vegetation, soil media, and waterproof membrane

escorrentía y moderar la temperatura de un edificio o casa. y los medios de tierra pueden filtrar la contaminación de las aguas pluviales, reducir la impermeable instalados sobre un techo plano o ligeramente inclinado. La vegetación n sistema de techo verde es una capa de vegetación, un medio de tierra y una membrana

WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &

Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano









BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS





ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)



BUILDING ENVELOPE
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR







GREEN ROOF

السقف الصديق للبيئه

green roof system is a layer of vegetation, soil media, and waterproof membrane installed on top of a flat or slightly-sloped roof. The vegetation and soil media can filter stormwater pollution, reduce runoff, and moderate the temperature of a building or home.

لوصف: نظام السقف الصديق للبيئه هو عبارة عن طبقة من الغطاء النباق و وسائط التربة وغشاء مقاوم للماء مركب فوق سطح مستوٍ أو مائل قليلاً. يمكن لوسائط الغطاء النباق والتربة تصفية تلوث مياه الأمطار وتقليل الجريان السطحي وتخفيف درجة حرارة المبنى أو المنزل ا

HUMAN HEALTH & WELLNESS BENEFITS

فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

















APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

LANDSCAPE TYPE



BUILDING ENVELOPE

غلاف المبنى







VERTICAL GREEN

PASSIVE COOLING FENCE GREEN COLUMNS (FREEWAYS) I GREEN FACADES (BUILDINGS) I GREEN TRELLIS I GREEN WALLS I GREEN FENCES I

JARDINES VERTICALES

COLUMNAS VERDES (AUTOPISTAS) I FACHADAS VERDES (EDIFICIOS) I ENREJADO VERDE I MUROS VERDESI "CERCAS VERDES" I CERCA DE REFRIGERACIÓN PASIVA

walls, or structures that hold vegetation such as green facades or green trellises. walls, and fences. These systems can include both vegetation and soils, such as green ertical green systems incorporate plants on vertical surfaces such as freeway columns

fachadas verdes o los enrejados verdes ■suelos, como los muros verdes, o las estructuras que sostienen la vegetación, como las de autopistas, muros y cercas. Estos sistemas pueden incluir tanto la vegetación como los os sistemas verdes verticales incorporan plantas en superficies verticales como columnas

WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

Beneficios para la salud humana











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente al clima



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW] **CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR** BUILDING ENVELOPE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO



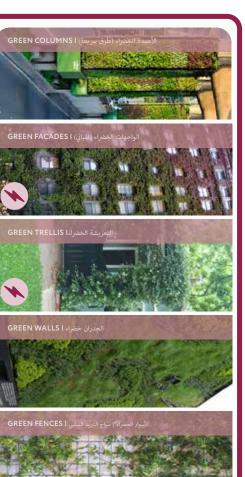
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR **BUILDING ENVELOPE**



PARQUES / TERRENOS BALDÍOS PARKS/VACANT LAND









WELLNESS BENEFITS فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

HUMAN HEALTH &

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة























الحواط الخضراء

الأعمدة الخضراء (طرق سريعة) | الواجهات الخضراء (المباني) | التعريشة الخضراء |الجدران خضراء| "الأسوار الخضراء"| سياج التبريد

GREEN COLUMNS (FREEWAYS) I GREEN FACADES (BUILDINGS) I GREEN TRELLIS I GREEN WALLS I GREEN FENCES I PASSIVE COOLING FENCE

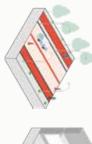
VERTICAL GREEN

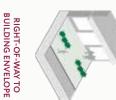




الأنظمة كلاً من النباتات والتربة ، مثل الجدران الخضراء أو الهياكل التي تحتوي على نباتات مثل الواجهات الخضراء أو التعريشات 🌡 شتمل الأنظمة الرأسية الخضراء على نباتات على الأسطح الرأسية مثل أعمدة الطرق السريعة والجدران والأسوار. عكن أن تشمل هذه ۗ

walls, or structures that hold vegetation such as green facades or green trellises. walls, and fences. These systems can include both vegetation and soils, such as green ertical green systems incorporate plants on vertical surfaces such as freeway columns,







RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]











BUILDING ENVELOPE





















BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS









Arte/Cultura/Educación





PARQUE LINEAL I CORREDOR VERDE I PARQUES SPARK I PARKLET I PAISAJE DE JUEGO I JUEGO EN LA NATURALEZA I CAMPOS DEPORTIVOS

LINEAR PARKS I GREEN CORRIDOR I SPARK PARKS I PARKLET I PLAYSCAPE I NATURE PLAY I SPORT FIELDS

PARQUE

de juego, campos deportivos, circuitos de paseo y espacios naturales.

■los corredores verdes. El diseño de los parques puede incluir también espacio para paisajes

os parques son espacios naturales o seminaturales reservados para el recreo y el placer.

include small areas, such as parklets, and some are narrow such as green corridors. Park

Algunos parques incluyen áreas pequeñas, como los parklets, y otros son estrechos, como

CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente al clima

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

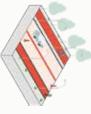
Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES

HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

WELLNESS BENEFITS **HUMAN HEALTH &**

Beneficios para la salud humana





RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO DERECHO DE PASO A CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARKS/VACANT LAND PARQUES / TERRENOS **BALDÍOS**

















APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS



LINEAR PARKS I GREEN CORRIDOR I SPARK PARKS I PARKLET I PLAYSCAPE I NATURE PLAY I SPORT FIELDS

حديقة خطية/طولية| ممر أخضر | حدائق مدرسيه (حدائق سبارك)| جلسات في مناطق مخضرة | مسرح | العب في الطبيعة | ملاعب رياضيا

include small areas, such as parklets, and some are narrow such as green corridors. Park

،مثل الممرات الخضراء، يمكن أيضًا أن يشتمل تصميم المنتزه على مساحة لمناظر اللعب والملاعب الرياضية وحلقات المشي والمناطق الطبيعية لحدائق هي مساحات طبيعية أو شبه طبيعية مخصصة للترفيه والاستمتاع. تضم بعض المتنزهات مساحات صغيرة مثل المتنزهات وبعضها ضيق

ART/CULTURE/EDUCATION فنون / ثقافة / تعليم









CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL













PARKS/VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة











HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS Beneficios para la salud humana









ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS





Arte/Cultura/Educación





JARDÍN CULTURAL (MEDICINAL/ESPIRITUAL) I JARDÍN DE POLINIZADORES/VIDA SILVESTRE I JARDÍN EN CONTENEDOR/PATIO

ardens are spaces set aside for the growth and cultivation of plants and/or wildlife. Garden spaces rely have higher maintenance needs and relay on community stewards to

■dependen de los cuidadores comunitarios para atender la zona a lo largo de las estaciones.

os jardines son espacios reservados para el crecimiento y el cultivo de plantas y/o vida silvestre. Los espacios ajardinados tienen mayores necesidades de mantenimiento y

tend to the area throughout the seasons.

CULTURAL GARDEN (MEDICINAL/SPIRITUAL) I POLLINATOR/WILDLIFE GARDEN I CONTAINER/PATIO GARDEN

JARDIN

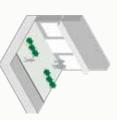
GARDEN

CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL
Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente al clima

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

LANDSCAPE TYPES

Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE
DERECHO DE PASO A CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARKS / VACANT LAND
PARQUES / TERRENOS BALDÍOS











WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH & فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة















ART / CULTURE / EDUCATION





حديقة

حديقة ثقافية (طبية / روحية) | الملقحات/ حديقة الحياة البرية | صهريج / فناء الحديقة

ardens are spaces set aside for the growth and cultivation of plants and/or wildlife. Garden spaces rely have higher maintenance needs and relay on community stewards to

tend to the area throughout the seasons.

CULTURAL GARDEN (MEDICINAL/SPIRITUAL) I POLLINATOR/WILDLIFE GARDEN I CONTAINER/PATIO GARDEN

GARDEN



CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

مضيف من المجتمع للاهتمام بالمنطقة طوال المواسم لحدائق هي مساحات مخصصة لنمو وزراعة النباتات و / أو الحياة البرية. تعتمد مساحات الحدائق على احتياجات صيانة أعلى وتعتمد على

RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE

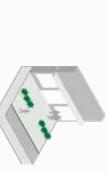
حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



PARKS / VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة







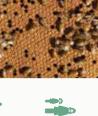








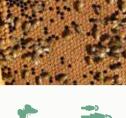




HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

WELLNESS BENEFITS **HUMAN HEALTH &**

Beneficios para la salud humana











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







ommunity agriculture is small-scale farming, including cultivation of the soil for the

TE)

CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL
Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente al clima

HUERTO/HORTALIZA I HUERTO COMUNITARIO/BOSQUE ALIMENTARIO I ACUICULTURA I APICULTURA I CRÍA DE POLLOS

AGRICULTURA COMUNITARIA

VEGETABLE/HERB GARDEN I COMMUNITY ORCHARD/FOOD FOREST I AQUACULTURE I BEEKEEPING I CHICKEN KEEPING

COMMUNITY AGRICULTURE

growing of crops and the rearing of animals to provide food, fiber, and other products.

alimentos, fibras y otros productos. de la tierra para el crecimiento de los cultivos y la cría de animales para proporcionar a agricultura comunitaria es un cultivo a pequeña escala, que incluye la cultivación

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE
DERECHO DE PASO A CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARQUES / TERRENOS BALDÍOS















فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية















ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









الزراعة المجتمعية

خضروات / حديقة أعشاب | بستان المجتمع / غابة الغذاء | الاستزراع المائي | تَرْبِيَةُ النَّحُل | تربية الدجاج

ommunity agriculture is small-scale farming, including cultivation of the soil for the

VEGETABLE/HERB GARDEN I COMMUNITY ORCHARD/FOOD FOREST I AQUACULTURE I BEEKEEPING I CHICKEN KEEPING

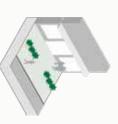
COMMUNITY AGRICULTURE





APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



PARKS / VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة

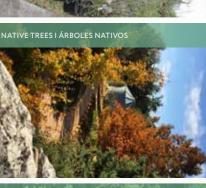






.وغيرها من المنتجات







Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS









ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS





FRUIT/NUT TREES I NATIVE TREES I OTHER VEGETATION

PLANT NURSERY

VIVERO DE PLANTAS

ÁRBOLES FRUTALES/DE NUECES I ÁRBOLES NATIVOS I OTRA VEGETACIÓN

Arte/Culture/Education Arte/Cultura/Educación





paisajismo y se venden al público en general o a las empresas. os viveros son espacios en los que se propagan y cultivan plantas al aire libre o a cubierto. Normalmente, estas plantas son para la jardinería, la agricultura, la silvicultura o el

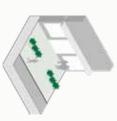
general public or businesses.



LANDSCAPE TYPES

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicación(es) apropiada(s)



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE
DERECHO DE PASO A CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARKS/VACANT LAND
PARQUES/TERRENOS BALDÍOS



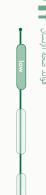








HUMAN HEA فوائد صحة الإنسان HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS **WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &** فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية





BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS









FRUIT/NUT TREES I NATIVE TREES I OTHER VEGETATION

PLANT NURSERY

العناية بالنباتات

أشجار الفاكهة / الجوز | الأشجار الأصلية | النباتات الاخرى

الغابات أو تنسيق الحدائق و يتم بيعها لعامة الناس أو الشركات 🗗

general public or businesses.

شاتل النباتات هي أماكن تتكاثر فيها النباتات وتنمو إما بالخارج أو مغطاة. عادةً ما تكون هذه النباتات مخصصة للبستنة أو الزراعة أو



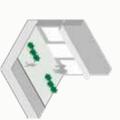


CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



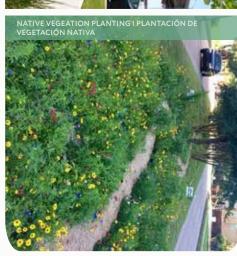
PARKS / VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة











APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS Ubicacion(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS



BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS





ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









PLANTACIÓN DE ÁRBOLES (ÁRBOLES PARA LA CALLE, ÁRBOLES PARA EL ESTACIONAMIENTO, ÁRBOLES PARA PARQUES) I PLANTACIÓN DE VEGETACIÓN NATIVA

ACCIONES DE APOYO AL HÁBITAT Y LA VIDA SILVESTRE

TREE PLANTS (STREET TREES, PARKING LOT TREES, PARK TREES) I NATIVE VEGETATION PLANTING

HABITAT & WILDLIFE SUPPORT ACTIONS

estacionamientos, alrededor de los apartamentos y las áreas habitables, y en los parques.

∎incluir la plantación de arboles o la instalación de vegetación a lo largo de las calles, en los vegetación nativa para restaurar el hábitat y hacer más habitables los espacios. Esto puede as acciones de apoyo al hábitat y a la vida silvestre incluyen la plantación de árboles y vegetation along streets, in parking lots, around apartments and living areas, and in parks. habitat and make more habitable spaces. This may include planting trees or installing abitat and wildlife support actions include planting trees and native vegetation to restore



all) Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente al clima



BALDÍOS



















WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH & فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







abitat and wildlife support actions include planting trees and native vegetation to restore vegetation along streets, in parking lots, around apartments and living areas, and in parks. habitat and make more habitable spaces. This may include planting trees or installing

قد يشمل ذلك غرس الأشجار أو تركيب نباتات على طول الشوارع ،وفي مواقف السيارات ، وحول الشقق ومناطق المعيشة وفي الحدائق إجراءات دعم البيئة والحياة البرية و تشمل زراعة الأشجار والنباتات المحلية لاستعادة البيئة وإنشاء المزيد من المساحات الصالحة للسكن. إجراءات دعم البيئة والحياة البرية

زراعة الأشجار | زراعة الخضار المحلية

TREE PLANTS (STREET TREES, PARKING LOT TREES, PARK TREES) I NATIVE VEGETATION PLANTING

HABITAT & WILDLIFE SUPPORT ACTIONS







RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]

عق الطريق

حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



PARKS/VACANT LAND

BUILDING ENVELOPE





منتزهات/أرض شاغرة





















HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano **WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &**

> **APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS** Ubicación(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES









ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS







PATIO I PLAZA I ÁREA DE PICNIC I ÁREA DE BUZONES DE CORREO

athering spaces are any public places where people are able to congregate and connect. These areas can be large or small, but support community cohesion which benefits

mental health.

■cohesión de la comunidad, lo que beneficia a la salud mental

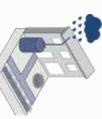
reunirse y conectarse. Estos espacios pueden ser grandes o pequeños, pero favorecen la os espacios de convivencia son todos los lugares públicos en los que la gente puede **ESPACIOS DE CONVIVENCIA**

COURTYARD I PLAZA I PICNIC AREA I MAILBOX AREA

GATHERING SPACES

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW] DERECHO DE PASO





CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR BUILDING ENVELOPE



PARKS/VACANT LAND
PARQUES / TERRENOS
BALDÍOS





















فوائد التنوع البيولوجي/ الحياة البرية 🧨

BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS







مساحات للتجمع

فناء | ساحَة | منطقة النزهة | منطقة صندوق البر

المجتمعي الذي يفيد الصحة العقلية.

mental health.

ماكن التجمع هي أي أماكن عامة يمكن للناس التجمع فيها والتواصل. يمكن أن تكون هذه المناطق كبيرة أو صغيرة ، لكنها تدعم التهاسك

athering spaces are any public places where people are able to congregate and connect. These areas can be large or small, but support community cohesion which benefits

COURTYARD I PLAZA I PICNIC AREA I MAILBOX AREA

GATHERING SPACES

ART / CULTURE / EDUCATION
فنون / ثقافة / تعليم





CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

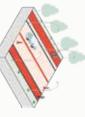
الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

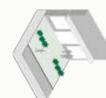
WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &

فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

LANDSCAPE TYPES

HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS







عق الطريق

حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنو RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE





















Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano **WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &**











ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS









CENTRO DE RECURSOS COMUNITARIOS I CENTRO WIFI

SERVICIOS COMUNITARIOS

COMMUNITY SERVICES

Potencial de construcción adaptada/resiliente a



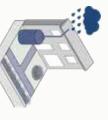
during disaster scenarios, and other important resources.

those around them. This can include shelter, wifi, legal services, training, critical resources ommunity services provide assets in a neighborhood that helps meet certain needs for

LANDSCAPE TYPES

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicación(es) apropiada(s)



BUILDING ENVELOPE
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



RIGHT-OF-WAY TO
BUILDING ENVELOPE
DERECHO DE PASO A
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR



PARQUES/TERRENOS BALDÍOS PARKS/VACANT LAND









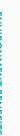
WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH & فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS فوائد صحة الإنسان

















خدمات المجتمع

مركز الموارد المجتمع | مركزلشبكةُ الانترنت لاسلكيَّةُ (واي فاي)

،والخدمات القانونية ، والتدريب ، والموارد الهامة أثناء سيناريوهات الكوارث ، وغيرها من الموارد الهامة 🗸

، (wifi) وفر خدمات المجتمع أصولًا في الحي تساعد في تلبية احتياجات معينة لمن حولهم. يمكن أن يشمل ذلك المأوى ، وشبكة الانترنت ﴿

during disaster scenarios, and other important resources.

those around them. This can include shelter, wifi, legal services, training, critical resources ommunity services provide assets in a neighborhood that helps meet certain needs for COMMUNITY RESOURCE CENTER I WIFI HUB

COMMUNITY SERVICES

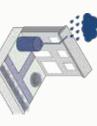


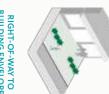
CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

LANDSCAPE TYPES







BUILDING ENVELOPE

غلاف المبنى

حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى



PARKS/VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة









Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano WELLNESS BENEFITS **HUMAN HEALTH &**

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicación(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS





















ECO / BIOINNOVACIÓN I TALLERES DE CREACIÓN/TRABAJO COLABORATIVO I MERCADO PÚBLICO / ESPACIO PARA VENDEDORES, PUESTOS DE MERCADO DE PULGAS AL AIRE LIBRE I CAMINOS PROFESIONALES / DESARROLLO DE EMPLEOS ECOLÓGICOS

economic development, job creation, and community cohesion.

as zonas empresariales son áreas a las que se conceden incentivos fiscales o

reglamentarios para fomentar el desarrollo económico privado, la creación de empleo

ıy la cohesión de la comunidad.

nterprise zones are areas that are granted tax or regulatory incentives to encourage private

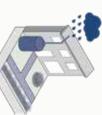
PATHWAYS/GREEN JOB DEVELOPMENT

eco/bio-innovation i makerspaces i public market/vendor space, open-air flea market stalls i career

ZONA EMPRESARIAL

RIGHT-OF-WAY TO
BUILDING ENVELOPE
DERECHO DE PASO A
CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR

RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO



BUILDING ENVELOPE



PARKS/VACANT LAND PARQUES / TERRENOS BALDÍOS











ENTERPRISE ZONE



BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS















ECO/BIO-INNOVATION I MAKERSPACES I PUBLIC MARKET/VENDOR SPACE, OPEN-AIR FLEA MARKET STALLS I CAREER PATHWAYS/GREEN JOB DEVELOPMENT

منطقة الشركات

الابتكار الحيوي/البيئي | مساحات تصنيع | السوق العام / مساحة للبائع ، أكشا ك السوق المفتوحة في الهواء طلق | مسارات مهنية/ تطوير الوظائف الخضرا

economic development, job creation, and community cohesion.

ناطق المؤسسات هي المناطق التي تُمنح حوافز ضريبية أو تنظيمية لتشجيع التنمية الاقتصادية الخاصة وخلق فرص العمل والتماسك

nterprise zones are areas that are granted tax or regulatory incentives to encourage private





















WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &

APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية

LANDSCAPE TYPES





RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW] حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنو









HUMAN HEALTH BENEFITS

Beneficios para la salud y el bienestar humano **WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH &**

Beneficios para la salud humana















ART / CULTURE / EDUCATION

SCULPTUREIMURALISPACES

PUBLIC ART

ESCULTURA I MURAL I ESPACIOS ARTE PÚBLICO







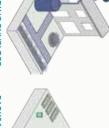
CLIMATE / RESILIENCE POTENTIAL



ublic art is works made through the use of imagination and creative skills by artists in any

form that is visually and physically accessible to the general public.





PARQUES / TERRENOS BALDÍOS PARKS/VACANT LAND

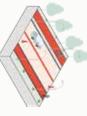




APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

Ubicación(es) apropiada(s)

LANDSCAPE TYPES



RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]
DERECHO DE PASO [ROW] **CERRAMIENTO EXTERIOR** RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE







WELLNESS BENEFITS HUMAN HEALTH & فوائد صحة الإنسان والعافية







BIODIVERSITY / WILDLIFE BENEFITS













SCULPTURE I MURAL I SPACES

PUBLIC ART

الفن العام

النحت | رسْم جَداري | المساح





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form that is visually and physically accessible to the general public.

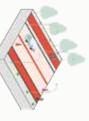
لفن العام هو الأعمال التي يتم صنعها من خلال استخدام الخيال والمهارات الإبداعية من قبل الفنانين بأي شكل يكون في متناول عامة

الناس بصريًا وجسديًا ا



APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS الموقع/المواقع المناسبة

LANDSCAPE TYPES

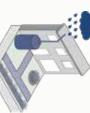




RIGHT-OF-WAY [ROW]

حق الطريق

حق الطريق للغلاف الواقي للمبنى RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BUILDING ENVELOPE



BUILDING ENVELOPE



PARKS/VACANT LAND منتزهات/أرض شاغرة







